FOR SALE.

TWO THREE-YEAR old registered SHORT HORN BULLS, very gentle. Short Horn Bull Calves, from one to five months old, some of them registered; Grade Short Horn and Jersey Bulls and Calves; fine large Short Horn Cows; and a lot of Poland China Hogs, very fine.

The above stock will be sold low. Parties intending to buy would do well to call and examine.

JAMES HERSH,
Meadow Valley,
July 8, 1879. tf Gettysburg, Pa.

DRUGS AND BOOKS.

A. D. Buehler & Co.

KEEP constantly on hand a full supply of the purest and best

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

purchased from the most reliable houses in the cities. Also

Books of All Kinds,

School, Classical, Theological and Miscellaneous, embracing Standard Works in Poetry, History and general English and American Literature, with a large assortment of

FAIN AND FANCY STATIONERY,

Such as Toilet Soaps, Pen Knives, Gold Pens, Pencils, &c.

A. D. Buehler's old established Drug and Book Store, Chambersburg Street, near the Diamond. Sept. 11, 1879. tf

Pittenturf & Wilson,

GRANITE STONE-CUTTERS,

Corner of Washington and High Sts.

Gettysburg, Pa.,

(POWERS'S OLD STAND.)

For Sills, Ashler, Platforms, Steps, Curb Stones, Cemetery Curb, Posts, Bases, Monuments, etc., etc.

ALL KINDS OF WORK AT LOWEST PRICES.

Estimates made when desired. Call before contracting elsewhere.

April 11, 1879. tf

ADAMS COUNTY Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—Samuel R. Russell.
Vice President—Robert G. McCreary.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Henry Picking, Jacob King.

Directors—S. R. Russell, D. A. Buehler, Robert McCurdy, R. G. McCreary, E. G. Fahnestock, Henry Picking, H. A. Picking, Jacob King, Strahan township; Samuel Beaders, Latimore township; Samuel Bender, Germany township; A. W. Storm, East Berlin; Ross White, Liberty; Cyrus G. Spangler, York Springs.

This Company is limited to the counties of Adams and Cumberland. It has been in operation for more than 77 years, and in that time has made but one assessment, for a small loss, by fire during that time, amounting to over $10,000. Any person desiring insurance can apply to either of the Managers.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

April 8, 1879. tf

Dr. Oellig & Pfoutz's Celebrated Tonic Elixir!

THE HOUSEHOLD REMEDY.

FOR thirty-five years, Dr. Oellig has been using this Elixir in his private practice in the state of Pennsylvania. The fame has been extensive, and thousands have come under his notice, who have used it wherever he has prescribed, has found it to also be the best medicine and benefactor to be, in curing certain diseases it has kindly placed it within the reach of the public, so that all who are afflicted from ill-health may take it and be cured. It will cure Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Habitual Costiveness, Cramps in the Stomach, Fevers of the skin, General Debility, Diseases caused by Excess, Impure Blood, and all Nervous Affections. It is valuable as a Tonic, it will impart the glow of health, purify the blood and the loss of appetite. It is also known to remove all obstructions to the regulation of nature in females, purifying the blood and giving elasticity to the frame. These are sure remedies for the diseases for which they are recommended, such as Chlorosis, Leucorrhœa, Female Complaint or Falling of the Womb. This Elixir is composed of Pure Wine, and all that it will perform is that it is powerful and will do no harm to the constitution. It is impossible for us to will stand this formidable list of diseases unless we were forced to have the cures.

Three Dollars Reward will be given to any man who will produce any medicine that will effect more speedily and permanently the diseases herein mentioned.

DR. OELLIG & PFOUTZ'S CERTIFICATES.

Lewisburg, W. Va., May 17, 1876.
Gentlemen—Dear Sir—Having been a long time with Dyspepsia and a prostration of my nervous system, I used a great many different medicines without experiencing any benefit, was induced by your agent of Huntington to try a bottle of your Tonic. I found great relief before I had taken the bottle and I now firmly believe it is a permanent cure.
A lady who is not willing to have her name published states: "Tonic made me a healthy woman. For years I suffered from disorganizing and down bearing of the Womb. I tried all of remedies and doctors, but never cured. The best physician gave me temporary relief, but this was until I was completely worn out. I used more than half the time. I ended to try your Elixir, which now fully restored to health, to my myself and husband." We have quite a number of this class, but for various reasons they prefer to will not have their names published.
C. Berkeley co., W. Va., July 27, 1876.
Mrs. Gentlemen: I have been troubled for fifteen years with great pain in my side, fullness of my chest, &c. Four of your Bilious Pills, which I purchased of you, relieved me. I can safely recommend my afflicted in the same way.
Yours, MARY KREZER.

A. D. BUEHLER & CO., Gettysburg.
F. E. BIGHAM, Drummondtown.
J. ESSELMAN, Fairfield, and J. Herbst.

THE ENGLISH REMEDY!
SPECIFIC MEDICINE
Is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a sequence of self-abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Premature Grave, are all the result of indulgence. The sad effects of indulgence in youth, are well known to many. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we send free by mail to every one.
The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money.
ADDRESS
GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 1 Tuscan Block, Detroit, Mich.
For Sale by A. D. BUEHLER and druggists everywhere.
Lowney & Co., Wholesale Agents. Feb. 27, 1879. 1y

Coltzer's Liniment, OR HORSE MILK,

is recommended and extensively used for Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, Corns, Stings, Sprains, Swellings, Stiffness, Soreness, Stiffness in joints, Lame Backs and Swellings in horses, cures quickly and surely. It is used by over 1000 Druggists and Merchants, and everybody who has used it recommends it. It gives instant relief. It is a sure remedy. It has made a brother's fortune. Thousands of Eastern Pennsylvania Farmers have used it for years past and testify to its wonderful cures and saves operations. Price 25 and 50 cts. Prepared only by the proprietor, H. B. Coltzer.
For sale by all druggists. Prepared only by JOHN M. COLTZER, Pottsville, Pa.
Feb. 27, 1879. 1y

Dr. Sanford's Celebrated Remedies.

INVIGORATOR! A Specific for Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Spermatorrhœa, Loss of Power, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Sight, Premature Old Age, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of self-abuse, as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Premature Grave, are the result of indulgence. The sad effects of indulgence in youth are well known to many. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we send free by mail to every one.
The Invigorator is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money.
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GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 1 Tuscan Block, Detroit, Mich.
For Sale by A. D. BUEHLER and druggists everywhere.
Lowney & Co., Wholesale Agents. Feb. 27, 1879. 1y

The Gettysburg Compiler
IS PUBLISHED THURSDAY
BY H. J. STAHLE.

TERMS.—TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates.—Large reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street a few doors above the Court-house, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

Gettysburg Compiler.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1879.

NUMBER 10. SIXTY-SECOND YEAR.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

FREDERICK DIVISION.

(TRAINS will leave and arrive at Hanover as follows:

NORTHWARD.

7.50 a. m. from Littlestown for York, connecting with mail north on N. C. R. R. for points north and west, Columbia and Port Deposit.
14.55 a. m. from Frederick, for York, Columbia, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York, connecting at Hanover with train leaving Gettysburg at 9.00 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.
3.55 p. m. from Hanover for York connecting with train leaving Gettysburg at 1 p. m., arriving at Philadelphia 6.20 p. m.
7.50 p. m. from Frederick, for York and Columbia.

SOUTHWARD.

11.05 a. m. for Frederick, from Columbia and York.
12.40 p. m. from New York, Philadelphia, Lancaster, Columbia and York, connecting at Hanover, with train leaving for Gettysburg.
4.40 p. m. for Frederick, from New York, Philadelphia, Lancaster, Columbia and York.
7.35 p. m. from York, connecting at York with Day Express south on N. C. R. R.

H. H. CARTER, Supt. Mid. Div.
FRANK THOMSON, General Manager. Oct. 23, 1879. tf

H. S. BENNER

HAS REMOVED THE

Gettysburg and Baltimore

FREIGHT LINE,

To Col. C. H. Buehler's Warehouse, on Carlisle street, formerly occupied by W. A. Swisher, and will continue the business.

Leave Gettysburg every Monday and Thursday at 8 o'clock.
Leave Baltimore from 120 North street every Tuesday and Friday.
Arrive at Gettysburg every Wednesday and Saturday.
Arrive at Baltimore every Tuesday and Friday.

Also Commission Merchant and Dealer in all kinds of

Grain, Plaster, Salt, &c.

Salt for sale by the sack at lowest prices to dealers. All kinds of FEED constantly on hand for sale. All goods delivered to order of purchaser. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

TERMS CASH.

Aug 9, 1878. tf H. S. BENNER.

NEW FREIGHT AND Commission House.

THE undersigned intends running a MARKET CAR between Gettysburg and Baltimore, leaving GETTYSBURG every MONDAY at noon; arrive at BALTIMORE on TUESDAY MORNING, and return to GETTYSBURG on WEDNESDAY at 4 o'clock.

The Car will start from the Warehouse, formerly Bigham's, corner of Washington and Railroad Streets, Gettysburg, and run to GAMBRIL & GROFF'S, 125 NORTH STREET, BALTIMORE.

A share of public patronage solicited. No efforts will be spared on my part to give satisfaction. Goods entrusted to our care, either from town or country, will receive every attention, and prompt returns of money will be made.

Mr. OSCAR W. STROUP will run the Car, he having had large experience in the business, having run for Jacob W. Gross for three years. Goods handled with care and delivered promptly.

Also dealer in ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE, with FLOUR AND FEED of all kind for sale.

SALT, wholesale and retail. FERTILIZERS, PLASTER and FARM IMPLEMENTS of all kinds. Anything not on hand will be ordered.

WM. WIBLE, AGENT.

Gettysburg, Feb. 1, 1878. tf

Grain, Produce, &c., AT NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned continues the Grain and Produce business at the old stand in New Oxford, Pa., and will always pay the highest market prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED, FLAX SEED, TIMOTHY HAY, &c.;

and will keep on hand for sale at the smallest profits

GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, BACON, FLOUR AND FEED,

Soaps, Fat, Oils, and everything else usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind. Thankful for the public favor in past years, he solicits a continuance of the same.

H. J. MYERS.

MILL FEED FOR SALE.

May 10, 1877. tf

NEW FIRM!

JOS. SPANGLER & CO.,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned have purchased the stock of goods of William Beyer, and will conduct business under the firm name of JOS. SPANGLER & CO., at the old corner of the Diamond and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg, Pa., keeping on hand and at all times a full stock of

Fresh Groceries of all Kinds,

Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, &c. Also Queensware & Glassware, Fish, Salt, Flour, Lard, Bacon, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Also Confections, Peanuts, Raisins in season and a full line of Articles usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store—all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

☞ The highest market price paid for Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, &c.

☞ The public are invited to call. Aug. 1, 1878. tf

Orders promptly filled wholesale and retail.
JOSEPH SPANGLER,
WM. C. STRICKHOUSER.

NEW FIRM!

THE HARVEST HOME COOK STOVE.

THE VERY BEST AND LARGEST Cook Stove on the Market IS THE

HARVEST HOME,

MANUFACTURED by Thomas, Roberts, Stevenson & Co., Quakertown, Pa. There is an impression among some people that the No. 8 stove always indicates the size. It only indicates the number of the holes in the top. Some No. 8 stoves are not larger than other stoves of their No. 7.

THE OVEN IN THIS STOVE IS LARGER AND HIGHER just where the height is needed, than in any other Cook-Stove. Call and see it at

The Ware Rooms OF C. H. BUEHLER,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

C. H. BUEHLER is the agent for Laughlin's

STRAW & FODDER CUTTER.

The ease with which this cutter is worked renders unnecessary the use of horse-power, as a small boy can do the work for a large farm. No one questions the fact that it is the best machine in use anywhere.

January 13, 1876. tf

PATENTS

OBTAINED for new inventions, or for improvements in old ones. Caveats, Trade Marks and all patent business promptly attended to.

INVENTIONS THAT HAVE BEEN REJECTED may still, in most cases, be patented by us. Being opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and engaged in the Patent Business exclusively, we can secure patents in less time than those who are remote from Washington and who must depend upon the mails in all transactions with the Patent Office.

When Inventors send model or sketch we make search in the Patent Office and advise as to its patentability FREE OF CHARGE, and correspondence confidential, prices low, and NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS OBTAINED.

We refer to Hon. Postmaster General D. M. Key, Rev. E. H. Power, to officials in the U. S. Patent Office, and especially to our clients in every State of the Union and in Canada. For special references, terms, advice, &c., address

C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opposite Patent Office,
July 11, 1879. 1f WASHINGTON, D. C.

Attornies, Physicians, &c.

John M Krauth,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa., Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. July 10, 1879. tf

D. McConaughy,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, office on Chambersburg St., Gettysburg, Pa.
Special attention given to suits, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and Packages against the United States, recovered promptly and efficiently attended to.
Land Warrants located and choice farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States.
July 10, 1879. tf

Hart Gilbert,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office with Judge Wills, south-east corner of the Diamond.
Gettysburg, Aug. 2, 1878. tf

W. A. Duncan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to his care. Office on Baltimore St., next door to Gettysburg Sep. 23, 1875. tf

S. McSWOPE. LEW. J. COX.
Attorneys at Law,
LAW & JUSTICES OF THE PEACE,
GETTYSBURG, Pa.
COLLECTIONS and all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore Street, east side, near the Court-house. May 10, 1875. tf

J. C. Neely,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in the north-west corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.
Sep. 23, 1875. tf

Wm. McSherry, Jr.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG,
Adams county, Pa.,
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him.
Office opposite the Court-house.
Dec. 5, 1878. tf

David Wills,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in residence, southwest corner of Diamond. Jan. 30, 1875. tf

D. M. Wilson,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in Mrs. Martin's Building, Northwest corner of the Diamond.
March 29, 1875. tf

Jacob A. Kitzmiller,
(Successor to H. B. Woods, Esq.,)
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, has removed his office to the second story of Spangler's building, Baltimore street, recently occupied by H. B. Woods, Esq. Will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him.
Gettysburg, May 3, 1878. tf

Dr. A. P. Beaver,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, has permanently located in Fairfield, Pa., and offers his professional services to the people of that town and vicinity. Office opposite Hartman's Store, where he can be found at all hours when not professionally engaged. Aug 17, 1878. tf

ROBERT HORNER J. M. BARNHART.
Drs. Horner & Radebaugh,
PRACTIONERS OF MEDICINE,
Chambersburg St., GETTYSBURG, PA.
Feb. 1, 1877. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,
HAVING LOCATED AT EAST BERLIN, ADAMS COUNTY, Pa., offers his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office opposite the Lutheran church. April 12, 1869. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal,
OFFICE ON BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa.
Sept. 6, 1875. tf

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,
DENTIST,
Has his office one door west of the Lutheran church on Chambersburg St., and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, Gettysburg, where those wishing Dental Operations performed are respectfully invited to call. Information:—Dr. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D. April 11, 1853. tf

Dr. J. E. Gilbert
HAS opened an office for the Practice of Medicine on York Street, opposite the Globe Inn, Gettysburg.
March 29, 1878. tf

Dr. J. J. Zitzer,
OF Baltimore, late of Carlisle, will visit Carlisle professionally on the 1st and 15th of each and every month thereafter, remaining several days each visit.
July 22, 1875. tf

Dr. C. E. Eckenrode,
DENTIST, would respectfully inform the public generally that he will be in GETTYSBURG on NEW OXFORD on Wednesday of each Thursday and in BONNAUGHTOWN on Saturday of each week, to perform all work in his line of business. Charges moderate and all work guaranteed.
Office in Gettysburg on High street, a few doors west of the Catholic church; in New Oxford opposite the Lutheran church; in Bonnaughtown at Dr. T. G. Krauss'.
March 29, 1879. tf

Dr. T. V. S. Quigley,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of New Oxford and vicinity. An experience of 25 years in hospital and general practice.
Chronic Diseases of Females and diseases of Children especially.
Office and residence in S. E. corner of public square. March 13, 1879. 1y

H. L. Diehl, M. D.,
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office on West Middle street, East Square, in the house formerly occupied by Hugh D. Scott.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children. April 5, 1877. tf

Dr. John J. Brown,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
(Formerly Clinical Assistant University Hospital, Baltimore, Md.)
HAMPTON, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.,
Respectfully invites all persons afflicted with chronic diseases to consult him by mail.
Dr. Brown's Great Dyspepsia Remedy, with full directions, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of $5.00
CHRONIC DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Address, DR. JOHN J. BROWN,
Jan. 2, 1879. tf Hampton, Adams Co., Pa.

Dr. George L. Rice,
CORONER OF ADAMS COUNTY,
OFFICE in McSherrystown. Will attend to calls from any part of the county.
Specialty—Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Heart. April 27, 1876. tf

NEFF'S
Horse & Cattle Powder

IS the BEST AND CHEAPEST POWDER for HORSES, COWS, HOGS, CHICKENS and all kinds of STOCK. Full pound packs for 25 cents.

Try Neff's Licorice Cough Syrup,
BEST thing in the market for COUGHS AND COLDS. 25 cents a bottle.

Neff's Vegetable Worm Syrup
is a sure pop for Worms; pleasant to take and sure to kill Worms. It has no nasty medicine in it. 25 cents a bottle.

☞ AGENTS WANTED to Canvass for my Medicines. Address with stamp,
GEO. W. NEFF,
Feb. 6, 1879. tf YORK, PA.

BOOK BINDING
—DONE IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.—
MAGAZINES, NEW & SECOND-HANDED
Furnished to complete volumes at cents.
SUBSCRIPTIONS
For all kinds of Periodicals received at lowest club rates.
C. E. AUGHINBAUGH,
Rooms over State & South'ne Office,
March 1, 1878. tf Gettysburg.

For Sale or Rent.
THE undersigned offers for sale or rent his BLACKSMITH SHOP, on South Washington street, Gettysburg—also his Blacksmith Tools. Apply to or address
EMANUEL F. WISOTZKEY.
June 10, 1879. tf

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

Miscellaneous.

CHARITY.—A HYMN.

When Jesus dwelt in mortal clay,
What were his works from day to day
But miracles of pow'r and grace,
That spread salvation through our race?

Teach us, O Lord, to keep in view
Thy pattern and thy steps pursue;
Let alms bestow'd, let kindness done,
Be witness'd by each rolling sun.

That man may breathe, but never live,
Who much receives, but nothing gives;
Whom none can love, whom none can thank,
Creation's blot, creation's blank.

But he who marks from day to day,
In generous acts his radiant way,
Treads the same path his Saviour trod,
The path to glory and to God.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

MOUNTAIN PEOPLE.

I find these portions of the South Mountain in which I am went to take my rambles quite thickly inhabited. Here and there in the little valleys, along the mountain sides, and even on the flat top of a ridge, there are small farms in a good state of cultivation, owned by men who by their industry have secured for themselves a competence. Many of the people are, however, poor. Their worldly possessions consist in a few acres of stony soil, a log cabin, a little necessary furniture, a cow, and a litter of pigs. They earn their livelihood by chopping rails and cordwood during the winter, and by laboring during the summer in the harvest fields of the rich farmers in the plains. Upon the whole, they seem content with their lot, having but few wants. There is an abundance of ruddy-faced children. Some of the little folk have afforded me no little amusement as I observed the "cuteness" they displayed in selling, to chance visitors in Pleasant Valley, the berries and nuts they are wont to gather in their season.

Meeting with many of these mountain people in my rambles, they have learnt to know me, and always treat me with civility. They are fond of talk, and are ready to spend an hour or more in desultory conversation. Some of them give evidence of trying to solve the hard problems of human life, the tangles of party politics, and the mysteries of religion. Accustomed to solitary labor while cutting down trees and splitting rails, they have abundant opportunity for meditation, and some, at least, make good use of their opportunities. Their ideas are often crude and queer, but they have the merit of originality.

These mountain people do not, as a class, seem to be impressed by the great and grand beauty of the scenery amid which they spend their lives. They are pleased when visitors speak of the beautiful mosses, and ferns, and flowers; of the majestic trees, and the rocky cliffs; of the grand views obtained from some lofty and projecting crag; but these things are not to them sources of personal enjoyment. Occasionally some one will express surprise that we find delight in rambling about day by day, doing nothing but looking at things to him so commonplace. Perhaps this indifference to the beauty and grandeur of their surroundings can be accounted for by the old proverbial saying:—"Familiarity breeds contempt." Not every one has learnt to appreciate the beauty that lies hidden in common things, ready to reveal itself to him who seeks for it.

In the mountains, as elsewhere, are occasionally found some queer people, who by their eccentricities become prominent, and are not soon forgotten. Such a character was "Nancy," now no longer in the land of the living. When I first met her she was already quite old. We were taking a ramble and came to her home, a one-story log building. Before reaching the house we had to pass through a sloping field planted with potatoes. A rudely constructed arbor, covered with a grape vine, stood in front of the door. A bake oven was near at hand, and an adjoining wood pile. A loud "halloo" brought Nancy to the door. Her appearance was so striking that I can never forget it. Her form was bent, partly by age and partly by the toilsome life she had led. Her face was wrinkled, her head uncombed. She was smoking an old pipe. Her clothing cannot be described. Her eyes were clear, and indicated that in former years they were full of fire. Probably she passed for a beauty when young. The tones of her voice were strong, and had yet a sharp ring. Acquainted with one of the party, she accosted him without the least embarrassment and with great cordiality. A few commonplace remarks and questions set her tongue agoing, and the show commenced. She complained about the mountain boys prowling around and shooting her chickens. She particularly lamented the loss of a "pullet" hen, the most valuable member of her little flock, and broadly hinted what the thief might expect should he fall into her hands. Her vocabulary was well supplied with ejaculations and imprecations. Among other things she told us a long story about her "old man" losing his axe, and her hunt for it. She went to the creek where he had been chopping, and, ——, it was not there! She hunted for it in the stable, and, ——, it was not there! She went to the rail pile, sought for it here and sought for it there, and, ——, she could not find it! Then, raising her hands above her head, and pitching her voice to a higher key, her whole body trembling with excitement, she asked: "And where do you think it was?" Being informed that we could not even imagine, she answered with a prolonged shriek: "Why, ——, there at the wood pile." Had Dickens been with us, and heard Nancy, he would have found material for a character which in his hands would have become immortal.

One Spring she was visited by a clergyman who was holding a series of meetings in a school house about a mile away. He had heard of Nancy, and resolved to visit her in the hope of doing her good. He found her at work in her garden. The interview was short, as follows: "Well, mother, what are you doing?" Without ceasing her work she replied: "Why, ——, I am sowing onion seed." "Aint you sowing it rather thick?" "Why, ——, if I had more seed I would sow it twice as thick." Startled at the strange and unexpected ejaculations of the old woman, the minister with a tone of rebuke said: "Why, mother, what is the reason you swear so?" Then she rose from her stooped position, looked the young man full in the face and shrieked: "What, ——, do you call that swearing?"

That minister sadly went his way, leaving Nancy to finish sowing her onion seed. RAMBLER.

THE PRODIGAL'S THANKSGIVING.

BY AUNT MILLY.

It was a cosy, home-like place, with its broad green fields, its giant oaks, its fruitful orchards, its inviting groves, its murmuring rills, its picturesque pond, and its great majestic lake, and so we called it "Edenside," for want of a more appropriate name.

Though the cottage was old, and out of style, yet we loved its very venerableness, and cherished fondly the old and oft quoted lines—

"Be it ever so humble, there is no place like home."

There were ten of us in all,—father, mother, and eight children. God sent for two little buds, and had them transplanted in his own garden above, either because they were too frail and delicate to withstand the severe storms of life, or that these left behind might, in fulfilling their mission, have "lights in the window" as a guide through the thick darkness he knew would now and then shut in upon them. It was hard for us to understand why God should so deal with us, or even to see the bow in the cloud which he had hung for our benefit, but we had been taught by our parents that God did everything for the best, and that we must be content, and submit to his will.

The seasons came and went, one after the other, each bringing its cheerful offerings, its cares, and pleasures, its toils and rests, its trials and blessings, and with the changes we advanced from childhood to youth, from youth to more responsible manhood and womanhood, and felt that now we, too, were called upon to act in the great "drama of life."

One of us went to lead young minds through the dim mysteries of A B C dom, out into the broader fields of knowledge, and after a number of years of steady toil, married and went to live in a distant land. Another, a brother, like too many young men of the present day, thought himself above the drudgery of farm work, and, like the prodigal of old, asked for his portion and went his way. The others remained to comfort the hearts and lighten the burdens of the dear ones who had fostered them, thereby bringing sunshine and joy to the old homestead and their own lives as well.

But leaving the family to its quiet happiness, we will retrace the footsteps of the son and brother who had chosen rather to battle with life alone, than to dwell with contentment in the rural cottage he called home, and for our present convenience we call him Charles Smith.

How vividly we recall the day he left us. How, through our blinding tears, we watched his retreating figure as it passed up the lane, through the gate, down "Cedar Hill," and was then lost to our view. We never fully realized till then how dear he was to us, or how we should miss his merry laugh and teasing ways, and we found ourselves wishing that he might be unsuccessful in finding his desired employment, so that we might have him with us again.

He did not go alone. Anxious that his son should have every advantage, our father resolved to accompany him to the city, and see what he could do towards obtaining some honorable occupation for him. The first thing he did on reaching the city was to introduce Charles to an influential man, owner of a line of steamers, and for whom Charles had been named—our father having been in his employment himself when a young man. The gentleman seemed pleased with his namesake, and on learning what occupation he would prefer, placed him in one of his steamers, with every opportunity of working himself up to the highest office if he proved himself worthy the promotion. So the matter was satisfactorily settled, and father returned home alone.

We felt our loneliness more forcibly than ever, now that Charles was really gone, but we comforted ourselves by rearing glittering air castles, and dreaming bright dreams of his future, never for a moment admitting that aught but success could be his.

The years glided on with comparatively few changes in our midst—there is but little to break the monotony of farm-life—but in those years, instead of realizing the fond hopes and bright dreams we once cherished of our absent son and brother, he had become a dark mystery to us. We could not fathom him, we could not understand him, and indeed we could find out nothing concerning himself or his course in life.

For nearly a year he wrote frequently, and often expressed his fondness for home and its loved ones; but gradually, we know not why, a longer time would elapse between his letters, until finally it was not a rare thing for months to pass ere we heard from him. Though pained at this neglect, still our loving hearts would willingly have framed any reasonable excuse for it, had that been the only source of our unhappiness concerning him. Sometimes our father—as farmers often are—would find himself in a "hard place," as he used to express it, and then he would go to Charles for the loan of a few dollars, but though he urged the matter ever so strongly, he was always refused on some slight excuse. Frequently it would be that he had not received any pay from his employers for sometime, and consequently had not the means, but he would get the desired sum, and send it. We soon learned that this was only a polite way of refusing, for the money never was forthcoming. A sister, once, just getting through school, and finding herself short of means, went to him, and with tears in her eyes asked help, but with the same result. Then came the question, What can he do with his earnings? We knew he received the highest wages, and as he worked well and faithfully, we saw no reason for his not laying by quite a little sum. Could he be a miser, hoarding greedily every copper he became the possessor of? Was he extravagant and a spendthrift, or, worse than all, was he lavishing it upon Bacchus and his associates, thus ruining both soul and body? These and many other like queries were asked around the home circle, but remained unanswered. His comrades were privately questioned concerning the matter, but he was as much of a mystery to them as to us. They knew nothing of his using any beverage stronger than beer, and that very seldom. He was a favorite among them all; they both loved and respected him. He was successful, too, in his work. His employers were well pleased with his conduct, and as a reward for his industry he was placed in a larger steamer, with a more important office to fill. Still continuing in favor, he was again promoted to second mate, and in the absence of the first mate he had several times filled his place. But strange as it may appear, the love of money—that evil that has ruined so many thousands—beguiled him to barter success, friends and all for larger pay in another line of steamers. And now the fickle goddess of change had obtained such a power over his weak nature that he finally declared himself tired of the sea, and was resolved to try something else for a livelihood. Thus he was blindly led, first to one thing, and then to another, until at last he found himself without means, without work, and with but few friends. Then for the first time in years his heart yearned for home, and uttering the language of the prodigal, "I will arise and go to my father," he resolves to return to the old homestead as soon as possible, and with these wise resolves we leave him for the present while we return, with other invited guests, to celebrate Thanksgiving at "Edenside."

It is the eve before Thanksgiving. A quiet, happy company is seated in the cheerful sitting-room of the old farmhouse. Father, mother, children and grandchildren are among the number. The chain seems complete, though a shade of sadness creeps over the older members as they recall the "missing link." Year after year they are permitted by a kind Providence to meet at this season, and each year they seemed to miss the absent one more and more. To-night their hearts warm toward him, and gladly would they welcome him back into the family fold, despite his ingratitude and neglect.

The younger ones are sent out into the large, old-fashioned kitchen, with a bountiful supply of apples and nuts, to enjoy themselves as only children can. While in the sitting room the conversation naturally turned to the subject which occupied all their thoughts.

"It does not seem possible," said one, "that six years have passed since we last greeted Charles at Thanksgiving. Poor fellow, I wonder where he is tonight? I suppose he has changed so much in three years that, should we meet him, we would scarcely recognize him as our brother!"

"I flatter myself I should know him anywhere, no matter how changed," remarked our mother, "and I suppose you will laugh at me, but I have felt all day that I should either hear from him or see him before many days. Just think of three months of long, anxious suspense as to his whereabouts, for you know we have not heard from him in that time."

At this moment the noisy game of "blindman's-buff" suddenly ceased in the kitchen, and dead silence reigned. Little three-year-old Willie toddled through the hall into the sitting room breathless with excitement, exclaiming, "Tumbody's out doors and we's awful' fraid. Daups tum."

A loud rap now ran through the stillness of the kitchen as father arose, saying, as he left the room, "Mary and her family, I suppose;" referring to his youngest sister. From some impulse or other, mother followed him in time to hear a low voice ask, "Will you please keep me for the night? I am both tired and hungry. Have tasted nothing for two days, and feel that I must die if I do not soon get rest and nourishment."

"Certainly, come right in," was the reply; "the house is about full now, but we'll manage to get you a bed somewhere. Poor creature, sit down here by the fire. Wife, hurry and get the man a bite to eat, he looks famished."

The door closed, a short silenced followed, then we heard the words "Charles!" "Mother!" and knew that Charles had indeed returned. We all hurried out to give him a welcome, but were certainly not prepared for the sight that met our gaze. A poor, emaciated, ragged, travel-worn shadow of a man, bearing not the least resemblance to our ideal Charles, and we were half inclined to think mother was mistaken and was being basely imposed upon by some tramp. She, however, seemed satisfied as to his identity, for she sat with his head pillowed upon her breast, he sobbing like a child and begging forgiveness, she stroking his hair and assuring him the disagreeable past should be forgotten in the joyful present that had dawned upon them; so we were forced to admit the truth, and advancing gave our prodigal a hearty greeting.

Thanksgiving morning, having been refreshed by nourishing food, clean clothes, and a good night's sleep, he told us his story. How he had always lived beyond his income, not that he spent his earnings in riotous living, but foolishly, and extravagantly, he scarcely knew how; how that the last firm he had worked for had failed and he had lost his labor and wages; how three weeks before he had started on foot to reach home, a distance of some hundreds of miles; how he had walked day after day on nothing but a dry crust of bread; how he had been compelled to sleep in barns, sheds, out of doors—anywhere but in a decent bed, and how the lesson he had learned in those tedious days of suffering, though severe, he hoped would prove a lasting good.

It is needless to add that he was forgiven, and, like the prodigal, received again into the favor and confidence of the home circle, and thus far has proved himself every way worthy, being now a comforting staff for his parents to lean upon in their declining years.—*Morning Star.*

A POETESS sings, "I love thee every hour." That's right. Girls who love a fellow only four or five hours out of the twenty-four, and bestow their affections upon several other chaps during the remaining hours of the day, are what New York custom officers would call "frauds in silk." They should love every hour or not at all.

MOTHER, (very sweetly) to children who have just had a distribution of candy: "What do children say when they get candy?" Chorus: "More!"

A LAWSUIT has just been gained in Hungary after 111 years of litigation. The case dates from 1768.

THE GREAT LURAY CAVERNS.

DR. F. P. MacLean, of Washington, gave the Maryland Academy of Sciences the other day an interesting sketch of his researches in the Luray caves of Page county, Virginia. There are evidences of three ancient openings through which water once flowed, carrying along mud, stone and other debris, and in some of the rooms this deposit reaches nearly the roof, being some several feet in thickness. Of these three discovered openings but one has been made accessible, and this one was unknown to the inhabitants of the vicinity until last year, although, as was plainly shown, the cave had been in some parts completely smoked over by fire, the deposit of soot being very thick. The removal of large patches of the stalagmites from the floor, to make it smooth and more easily used, show something more than accident; while the recent deposit upon the fractured rock shows that a long period of time has elapsed, perhaps of hundreds of years, since voices echoed through the now silent halls. Who these beings were, whether Norsemen or Redmen, remains yet to be proved by scientific research. Many bones and deposits have been brought to light; and one skeleton, that of a middle-aged male person, may throw much light on the subject. The skull of this specimen will be examined and compared at the Smithsonian Institution, and the result will be watched with much interest. Deposits of excrement containing animal bones, which occur in large quantities, were also exhibited, showing the multitudes of animals which at one time roamed in this immense subterranean cavity. The cave abounds in singular and interesting objects deposited from the dripping waters—stalagmites and stalactites of great size and variety. One, the Empress column, is a pure white mass of alabaster seventy feet high, reaching from the floor nearly to the roof. Another pendant formation, nearly equal to the former in length, vibrates for a minute upon being struck, and one of the rooms, termed the cathedral, has a series of twenty slender columns, which sound part of a scale on being struck successively. This is called the organ. A great deal of work yet remains for the adventurer and scientist, and no one can determine the actual extent of these investigations.

SOMETHING FOR SCHOOLMASTERS.—The Philadelphia *Record*, in dilating upon educational affairs, breaks out in this bilious manner: "The difficulty with regard to the teaching of English grammar in the public schools, a subject

Gettysburg Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.:

THURSDAY, NOV. 27, 1879.

POLITICAL.—We suspect that the prevalent Republican notion that the Democratic party in New York is fatally divided, so far as concerns next year, is a mistake.—*N. Y. Herald, Ind.*

NEW YORK and Indiana rise up like twin spectres before the Republican party. Then there are the possibilities in New Jersey, Connecticut, Oregon, Ohio and other Northern States to offset any little counting out diversions south of Mason and Dixon's line.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

GEN. GARFIELD, of Ohio, does not believe that Grant wants to be or will be a candidate for the Presidency, nor that he is the most available candidate, even if he wanted the nomination ever so much.—*Pittsburg Record.*

THE notorious Senator John J. Patterson is in favor of Grant. Of course he is, and so is Babcock, Shepperd, Belknap, Kemble and all them fellows. —*Carbon Co. Democrat.*

IN interviews with the editors of the St. Louis German papers, they express the opinion that the Democratic German voters would prefer Bayard, Palmer or Hancock for president, and have an aversion for Grant.

HAYES wants the repudiating Republicans of Virginia to be read out of the party. He may as well ask the whole Republican party of the Old Dominion to hang itself.—*Phila. Chronicle.*

"DOCTORING RETURNS" has been reduced to a science by the Republicans, and now it has been "figured out" that all the Republican State ticket in New York is elected except the Democratic candidate for State Engineer.

IT is said that that truly good man, Mr. Rutherford B. Hayes, is much troubled in mind lest fraud should prevail in Maine.—*Watchman.*

CHICAGO claims to have cleared over a million dollars on the Grant show. Small towns are now writing for terms. —*Balt. Gazette.*

THE sting is taken out of stalwart comment on Bob Toombs' recent idiotic dispatch by the fact that Toombs occupies much the position among Southern Democrats that Gen. Butler does among Northern Republicans, and, like Ben, Bob has money and brass enough to be able to defy public opinion.—*Lanc. Intel.*

WHEN Hayes was in Ohio a few weeks ago John Hay, who has a wealthy wife, gave him a grand reception. As soon as there was an official vacancy in Washington the position was handed over to Hay by Hayes. Grant used to do this sort of thing in a small way himself.—*Balt. Gaz.*

COUNTING out will do in Louisiana, Florida and New York, but in Maine it is very iniquitous.—*Advocate.*

A SOUTHERN Republican has been at some pains to assure the New York *Tribune* that there is really no Grant boom in the South.

THE Pennsylvania Greenback vote last year of 81,758 fell off to 27,207, or a decrease of 54,531 votes.

A GROSS outrage was perpetrated upon Gen. Grant, in Galesburg, Illinois, whilst he was responding to a speech of welcome. He was hit on the head with an egg by a boy.

DON PIATT says that "with the death of Zach. Chandler a large patch of 'bloody shirt' disappears."

EFFORTS are being made to secure the holding of both the Democratic and Republican National Conventions at Chicago next year. The exposition managers promise to fit up that building with seats for 20,000 persons, and offer it free. The railroads generally offer half fare rates and other inducements.

NOT FOR GRANT.—The Augusta (Ga.) *Constitutionalist* says the Chicago *Times* makes a very great mistake in stating that it had expressed a preference for Grant over Tilden. The *Constitutionalist* declares that "out of about one hundred and thirty Democratic newspapers published in Georgia, there is not one that would touch Grant with a forty-foot pole."

GEN. TOM EWING has expressed to an interviewer the opinion that Joel Parker, the war governor of New Jersey, or David Davis of Illinois, would be an excellent Democratic nomination for President. If Gen. Grant should be the Republican candidate, and Gen. Ewing has no doubt of it, he thinks it will not make so much difference who the Democratic candidate may be. The election of the Democratic candidate will then be assured.

THE Legislative bribery cases were commenced in the Court of Quarter Sessions at Harrisburg on Tuesday. The prosecution is represented by Judge Black, Senator Matt. Carpenter and others, and the defence by Messrs. F. Carroll Brewster, Cassidy and Mann, of Philadelphia, and others. The defence made a determined effort to quash the grand jury; Judge Pearson, however, intimated that he would overrule this motion, grand juries having been summoned in the same way for twenty years. Decision reserved until next day. Great interest is felt in the trial by members of the Legislature, many of whom are in attendance.

JUDGE COMSTOCK writes to the New York *Herald* in disapproval of the suggested arbitration of the troubles of the New York Democracy, and declares, like a sensible man, that "they must be and will be worked out in the accustomed modes of action." But he does not think there is any existing trouble to be composed. Whatever there may have been in the past has been put to sleep by the result of the election. The disappearance of presidential candidates under the waves of that election enables us, Judge Comstock says, "to look with clearer and more hopeful vision to the future," and he does "not doubt that we shall find the leader distinguished for sound opinions upon public questions, disinterested services and private virtues, whom the praise of all men has marked as the most suitable bearer of the standard of the faith."

DISGUISE THROWN OFF.—Among the responses to the Chicago *News* invitations to the Grant show, the following telegram appears as coming from Governor Hoyt:

The people of Pennsylvania note with pleasure the completion of the circuit around the globe by General Grant. On his second round by their acclaim they will arrest him here on a "lap," until, in 1881, he shall inaugurate, as the Chief Magistrate of the nation, the full purpose of a free people; and, in 1885, sixty million of us will bid him "Godspeed" to the fulfillment of a perfect career.

HENRY M. HOYT,
Governor of Pennsylvania.

From the Pittsburg *Post*: "The best thing Governor Hoyt can do is to acknowledge the corn-juice. Else he will never hear the last of that dispatch."

TEXAS would make thirty-five States the size of Massachusetts.

WHAT the Republicans seem to be afraid of in Maine is that the law and Republican precedents will be strictly followed. This, of course, the Republicans don't want. They think it is time to forget so much of the past as it might profit the Democrats to remember, and generally forego all technical points of advantage, to the end that there may be a Republican Legislature and through that a Republican Governor.—*Phila. Chronicle.*

THE Philadelphia *Press* grows virtuous and honest. It utters a painful lament because of the report that the governor and council of Maine intend to give certificates to members of the Senate of that State who were not elected. When a fraud of this kind was committed in Florida and Louisiana in 1876, by which the country was cheated of its rightfully elected President, *The Press* did not condemn it. On the contrary, it sustained the fraud then, and sustains it to this day. What has transpired to make *The Press* so awfully honest now? We hope the world is not coming to an end.—*Doylestown Dem.*

HON. E. F. PILSBURY, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Maine, and the reputed chief of a "conspiracy" to count out certain Republican members of the Legislature, when called on said he knew nothing of such intention, and that he had not seen the Governor or Council for weeks; and Governor Garcelon, when interviewed, declared "That the returns would be counted according to law, independently of any consideration of the politics of the candidates or the final result, and without regard to the presence of a large body of Republican politicians. The duties of the Governor and Council in such matters under the law, as we have been advised by the best legal talent," said the Governor, "is to declare the result of the election and to issue certificates to those who have been elected, according to the forms and practices so clearly defined by the constitution and the statutes. If we find that an election has been vitiated by public and well proven fraudulent practices, or by a failure to comply with all the regulations made and provided, we must report the facts to the Legislature. I will not consider a man's politics when I come to pass on the vote recorded for him. All I want is that the vote be cast legally and be legally recorded. The returns will be counted according to law, no matter who are to suffer, be they Democrats, Greenbackers or Republicans. Our Republican friends, I think, have allowed people to hold elections and send in the returns just as they pleased, and they are now scared because there is a prospect that the respect for legal forms which they allowed to almost die out is to be revived."

That the election in Maine was anything but a fair one is well known, and the howl set up by Blaine and company is evidently intended to prevent an honest count and the showing up of stalwart doings throughout the state. As a contemporary says:

The Republicans of Maine appear to have been very indiscreet or thoughtless in making their election securus. Heretofore they seem to have been in the habit of stuffing the ballot-boxes and sending their returns to the capital, depending upon gubernatorial neglect to conceal their crime. This has gone on year after year until it has become a settled habit with them, and this year they bundled up their frauds and packed them off to the executive office as usual, never imagining that any one would go behind the returns and examine the packages in which they had sealed up a political swindle. To the surprise and indignation of the party, Governor Garcelon and the council have determined to go over the returns and to count the tickets. Hence the examination which has startled the guilty Republican managers.

Therefore it is that the charge of "revolution" is raised. Everything is revolutionary which does not suit the dishonest purposes of the Radical managers. They are terribly alarmed because the Governor is going to look into those returns. They know what he will find and they dread the exposure and the consequences. If the ballots at the last election were legally cast and honestly counted what objection can any decent person have to a recount by so responsible a body as a governor and council? Where is the revolution in an executive discharging his duty? Why this tornado of denunciation if the work of the Republican election officers was properly done?

Says a dispatch from Augusta:

Two prominent Republicans said last evening that they were disgusted with the exhibition made by their party. "We have no reason," said one, "to believe that the Governor and Council contemplate any violation of the law, and the demand made on them yesterday and the collection of a crowd of politicians in the corridors of the State House, and the lobbies of the hotels, are very indecent and discreditable. It looks too much like bulldozing. We were all at sea when the Governor first exercised his privilege and showed our committee to his door." There will be an exodus to-day. The council will in all probability count according to the letter of the law, something which has not been done by the Republicans, and let those suffer who are improperly reported by the town officers. No effort will be made to gain control of the Legislature by any unfair or arbitrary methods. This is assured by a majority of the Council, and whether Democrats or Republicans suffer the law is liable to be enforced. Men laugh at the idea that anything revolutionary would be attempted.

AUGUSTA, Me., Nov. 21.—The Governor and Council again refused yesterday to allow the election returns to be manipulated by the Republicans interested in them. Steps have been taken in Bangor before Chief Justice Appleton to test the question of the right of candidates to examine the returns. The Democrats are determined that they will not be bulldozed; that if they have been defeated legally and fairly they will submit, but not otherwise.

AUGUSTA, November 23.—The Governor and Council have given notice that they will be in session from the 1st to the 15th of December for the purpose of examining the official returns, and candidates claiming irregularities or other causes presumed to vitiate their election will have reasonable opportunity to be heard personally or by duly authorized council.

SAYS the Memphis *Appeal*: "Those who talk about inaugurating the era of good feeling which existed during the administration of Monroe, and obliterating sectional hatred by electing U. S. Grant to the presidency in November, 1880, are political tyros who do not understand the drift of public sentiment. The idea of the South uniting on such a programme is an absurdity, for our people know that Grant rule means bayonets, a strong central government, and all the infamous corruptions which made the Grant dynasty a national stench."

A PREACHER the other day laid his hand patronizingly on the shoulder of a young Democrat who is a member of his church and said: "I cannot understand how a Christian can be a Democrat." The young man replied: "So long as Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, the most audacious infidel in the United States, stands out as a conspicuous member of the Republican party, I can well understand how a Christian can be a Democrat." This brought the conversation to an abrupt termination.—*Buffalo Courier.*

JACOB and Albert Huntzinger, whose sentence of two years in the Berks county jail, for embezzling the funds of the Miners' Trust Company, (an institution which failed in 1876, with liabilities of $1,250,000) expired on Saturday, and who were rearrested immediately upon their release from jail, were taken to Pottsville on Tuesday. They were put under $100,000 bail on indictments for perjury and misdemeanor.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of the Gettysburg Compiler.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24, 1879.

The event of last week here was the re-union of the Army of the Cumberland and the unveiling of the Thomas Statue. Since the late war there has not been such a military display at the Capital, nor an occasion which called forth so much universal patriotism. The most agreeable feature of the demonstration was its entire freedom from even a suspicion of politics or any selfish motive. It was simply and solely a tribute to the memory of a patriot soldier, one who faithfully and honestly devoted his great abilities to the service of his country, and who quietly trod the path of duty even when it was made rugged and steep by the acts of smaller men in higher places.

The disgraceful exposure made by a Committee of Congress last winter in connection with the Shanghai consulship would have resulted seriously to Seward in China but for the expiration of the Congress that ordered the inquiry. He could only have retained his position after what was proven by having so strong a friend as his cousin in the State Department. Col. Moseby, whom the government afterwards sent to China, discovered that all had not been told, and when he, a short time since, wrote to the President concerning his discoveries there was talk of his speedy recall. Col. Moseby, by going over to Grant and the Republican party after the war, brought upon himself no end of obloquy among his own people, but it must be said in his favor that he carried into the Radical camp an instinct of honesty that is like a ray of light in a dark cavern. But his innocence in supposing that the truth was what the administration wanted, set the organs to denouncing him as too busy "too officious," and nearly cost him his official head. Now, however, it seems that Mr. Evarts has decided to run the State Department, and that he cannot afford to shield rascality. No doubt his long and intimate political and social connection with William H. Seward made it difficult for him to believe that the charges made against his nephew had any foundation in fact. Yet scarcely any one else doubted Seward's guilt from the moment he refused to produce his books before the investigating committee.

The book of estimates for expenses of the Government the next fiscal year has been completed and will accompany the President's Message to Congress. The striking feature of the budget is that the estimates are all higher than the allowances for the current year, instead of lower as they might have been. In round numbers the amount asked for exceeds the amounts appropriated for the current year by about $14,000,000. I am inclined to perdict, off hand, that it is several millions more than will be voted, because it is more than is really needed.

Ex-Governor Swann, of Maryland, who married the widow of Senator John H. Thompson, of New Jersey, a year ago last July, has separated from his wife. It is the sequel of a mysterious separation which was hinted at as occurring six weeks after marriage. His Washington residence will this season be presided over by his daughter, Mrs. Carter, and his daughter-in-law, the young widow of his only son. Mrs. Swann remains at her home in Princeton.

It has been decided after a full consideration by the leading Republican managers that it would be better not to send speakers to Louisiana this fall. A member of the Congressional Committee worked for nearly ten days in the hope of inducing prominent speakers in the New York campaign to go to New Orleans and help change the vote of the State, with assurances that it would go Republican. To his great surprise he found that this was just what the Republicans of the North did not want to accomplish, and he was told that it would be better for his party not to agitate the movement any more. The plain reason given was that the "Solid South" was to be the battle cry next year, and without it there was no hope of keeping the North solid for the Republicans. Once break the solid South, said they, and one-half the force of the Republican party is gone. They also argue that if Republican speakers went South they would be well treated, and as none of them could hope to be made victims of the terrible shot-gun, it would spoil the "bloody shirt" as an issue. This shows the kind of patriotism that rests in that camp.

PHONO.

PEOPLE who are praising Grant for honorable sentiments expressed at the banquet board, and editors who are peppering their columns with them, will do well to remember that Grant always was good at that sort of talk, and no man ever made more such promises to the ear of the public and broke them to the hope than this same Grant. His watchword, "Let us have Peace," was a delusion and a snare, and his aphorism that no man worthy to be a president would take the office if not fairly elected was shamefully betrayed in the willingness with which he lent himself and his executive power to aid fraud. By the way, we have it pretty direct that that very message, sent from the Centennial grounds, which electrified the country with a hope for an honest count, was written by Don Cameron and only assented to by Grant. The public found out what it meant so well that they can readily believe that under the velvet paw was hid the Cameron steel. If so, it is a fair suspicion that underneath his specious utterances of to-day there lurks a shrewd and dangerous purpose.—*Lanc. Intel.*

CORNELL leads Mr. Robinson for Governor about 40,000, but falls about 50,000 below the combined vote of Robinson and Kelly. If we allow 10,000 Republicans to have voted for Robinson and 10,000 more to have scratched Cornell and voted for no one, and set these over to the Republican side, making a difference of 80,000 in their favor, we still have New York Democratic by a majority of 20,000. This will do to start on in the great race of 1880, and it is plain that all the Democracy have to do in order to carry New York is to nominate a candidate upon whom our party in that State can cordially unite. —*Valley Spirit.*

IN New York the regular Democrats and the bolting Democrats both had their way. The former would have Robinson or nobody, while the Kellyites would have anybody except Robinson. They both got what they set out for; but isn't it a pity they hadn't both set out for something else.—*Record.*

GOV. SEYMOUR denies any purpose to "settle" the New York Democratic troubles. In his judgment the only body to arbitrate in such affairs is the delegates to the state convention, who, without doubt, at the meeting of their body would act wisely and judiciously in view of the facts and results of the late election.

ON account of the epidemic of scarlet fever at Springfield, Ill., the public schools will be closed until January 1.

THE OUTLOOK FOR 1880.

The campaign of 1879 will be the hardest fought political battle this country has known. To the Republicans it will be a battle of desperation, as defeat for them means ruin, disorganization and annihilation. The Republican party could not survive a defeat. It has no principles to hold it together. It would never nominate another ticket, but disintegrate into a dozen factions, routed and disorganized. The Democracy, founded on principles as eternal as the Republic, has lived since the birth of the Federal Union, and is undismayed by defeat. Next year, strengthened beyond the innate force and power of this great party by its consciousness of the possession of power, it will go into the contest with enthusiasm. The victory is ours if we choose to have it. No Returning Board can baffle us; the Returning Boards are ours. No Electoral Commission can snatch from us the victory we shall win. The creators of the Electoral Commission, both houses of Congress, are ours. Next year we will count the votes, not the Radicals. What votes, then, can we count? Honestly and fairly count, for we shall not follow the Republican example to secure votes we have not fairly fought for and won. But, rest assured, those we have honestly won we shall not submit to be taken from us by fraud or force. There can be no count which does not give us these electoral votes:

Alabama	10	Missouri	15
Arkansas	6	New York	35
Connecticut	6	New Jersey	9
Delaware	3	North Carolina	10
Florida	4	South Carolina	7
Georgia	11	Tennessee	12
Indiana	15	Texas	8
Kentucky	12	Virginia	11
Louisiana	8	West Virginia	5
Maryland	8		
Mississippi	8	Total	203

In addition to the States above named the Democrats have equal chances of carrying California 6, and Oregon 3, which would swell the electoral vote to 212. The Republicans will have a desperate struggle to retain Ohio, Illinois, Wisconsin, Maine and New Hampshire. It is not possible to defeat us in 1880, with a good ticket and a harmonious party. We cannot be defeated at the polls or counted out afterwards.—*Westmoreland Advocate.*

DONN PIATT is as mad as a bald-headed hornet because some wag put his name on a Citizen's Committee detailed to make preparation for a Grant reception in Washington. He remarks in his last number of the *Capital*:

Were we consulted as to the manner of reception tendered the man who shamed us abroad, by demanding princely honors from despots on the ground that he was our President and therefore something more than a plain American citizen, he should be hissed in scorn upon the pillory of public contempt wherever he showed his face. We would suggest to our committee a preparation that would show the potentates of Europe that the American eagle sometimes lays rotten eggs and the free citizens know how to use them.

THE Hayes administration treated the Kellogg Legislature as fraudulent and turned it out of doors. This was the act of the Republican party through its appointed agents. All that the Democrats in the United States Senate have to do in order to gain a Senator from Louisiana is to follow this example and treat that Legislature as fraudulent and unseat the Senator elected by it. This would give them a gain of two on a count of party noses in the Senate, and insure a Democratic majority of at least four on and after March 4, 1881.—*Valley Spirit.*

DENIS KEARNEY, it is now said, was arrested in San Francisco, on Thursday evening, simply to save his life. The police "ran him in," not because he was disturbing the peace, but to prevent the peace from being disturbed on his account. This course and vulgar agitator seems to have got to the end of his tether very soon. His own late followers repudiate him and seem to believe that the orator of the sand lots has "sold them out," while all intelligent California workingmen, it is said, have long regarded him as an incumbus to their best interests. It is to be hoped that we will now not only have an end of Kearney, but that he will have no successors.—*Balt. Sun.*

NEAR "Big Offset," not far from Mt. Bethel, Northampton county, a girl has been discovered who has three eyes, one of which is in the back of her head, and is concealed by her hair. The eyes which are set in their natural place in her head are blue, while the third eye is of full size and a beautiful black. A gentleman of Mt. Bethel vouches for the truth of this story. There could be no courting of that gal on the wrong side.—*Har. Tel. Nov. 7.*

GRAHAM, the confederate of Hunter in the murder of Armstrong, in Camden, N. J., pleaded guilty in the Supreme Court at Trenton on Tuesday of murder in the second degree, and was sentenced to twenty years' hard labor in the State prison. The chief justice, in pronouncing sentence, said if any man ever deserved hanging he (Graham) did.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Cleveland *Plain Dealer* says:

For reasons good and weighty,
Payne and Potter
Would make it hotter
Than it—I for the Rads in '80,
and don't you forget it.

THE American Club of Philadelphia refuses to be a bob to the Grant kite, Good sense.

GRAFTS of Italian chestnuts are being extensively put upon native chestnut trees in Mercer county.

THE total gain over last year in the receipts of grain at the Atlantic ports has been over thirty million bushels, and of this amount Philadelphia received almost one-fifth.

A PERPLEXED German who had made a garment for a youth, and found himself unable to dispose of the surplus fulness which appeared when trying it on the young candidate, declared vociferously that "de coat is good. It is no fault of de coat. De boy is too slim!"

GREATNESS and usefulness in the world do not depend on size, little man. The smallest thing about a man's trousers is the suspender button. But just let it snap off while he is presenting his respects to his hostess at an evening party and an ulster big enough for Goliah wouldn't begin to cover over his confusion.

LUCKIEST man I ever knew—everything succeeded with him. He had only to say what he wanted, and he got it. Why, confound it, I was talking with him one day—the very best day of his life and he said to me: "When I die I want to die suddenly." Got run over that very night. Ever see such luck?

Use Dr. Tyler's Cough Candy and Lung Syrup, manufactured by E. H. Mieulph Take no imitations. They are frauds. N2tf

Administrator's Notice.

JAMESON MYERS'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Jameson Myers, late of Menallen township, Adams co., Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Franklin township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW CLUCK,
Administrator.

Nov. 27, 1879. 6w

WM. WINDLE has on hand Wagons, Ploughs Cultivators, Riding Ploughs, Corn Planters, Grain Drills, &c. He always keeps the best in the market. Examine his before buying elsewhere. He sells at greatly reduced prices. Implements guaranteed. Mar. 20, tf

HUMPHREY'S Homeopathic Specifics and Witch-Hazel Oil. No family should be without them. They are invaluable among children. Call and get a manual giving full instructions for their use. A full assortment at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. March 1. tf

P. F. BELLE is still at his stand on Chambersburg street, with the largest stock of Clothing, Hats, Caps and Notions, Underwear and Neck Ties, Tennis, &c., to be sold at the lowest city prices. Oct. 16, 3t

CHARLES ZIEGLER has a full and complete assortment of Builders', as well as general Hardware, which he is now offering at greatly reduced prices. Give him a call. Jy10.tf

FOR Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, &c., the best and cheapest go to Geo. E. Stock's. Jn23tf

THE best Machine Oil in market to be had at C. Ziegler's New Store, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg. Give it a trial. Jy10.tf

"WHAT a splendid line of Goods for Gents and Boys is to be seen at W. T. King's on York street?" exclaims the beholder. And so it is. His stock is complete in both quantity and style, and he assures all who may give him an order that no pains will be spared to satisfy the most fastidious. Bottom prices and complete fits every time. Aug. 29, 1878. tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Worms. Worms. Worms.

D. P. Kunkle's Worm Syrup.—A pleasant, safe and effectual remedy for all kinds of worms. It removes Scotch, Pin, Tinned, Round and Stomach Worms. (Dr. Kunkle is the only successful physician in Gettysburg who removes Tape Worm, head and all, complete in two hours, and no laxatives or purgatives administered to weaken the system at his office.) Common sense teaches that Tape Worm be removed all others can be destroyed. Symptoms for children or grown persons: A pale, leaden color, and occasionally flushed countenance; a fleshy stomach under the eyes, eyes dull and heavy, the pupils are dilated, or very much contracted; the lower eyelids and upper lip twitch during the night while sleeping; picking the nose, fond breath, disturbed sleep, during which the patient grinds the teeth, is apt to throw the stomach, tongue out and start up suddenly, as if frightened, palpitation, debility, and softness of flesh, dry and abundantly coated tongue, irregular and depraved appetite, abdomen swollen and hard, diarrhœa or costiveness, unnatural hungry and but tired, pricking and tearing pains in the bowels, sensation, convulsions, fits, spasms, foaming at the mouth, these symptoms are not always all present, but when a patient is afflicted with most of them, it is a sure indication of the presence of worms. All these symptoms and more come from worms. D. P. Kunkle's Worm Syrup never fails to remove them. Price 25 cts per bottle, or six bottles for $5. (See Tape Worm advertisement.) Beware of the imitations and counterfeits. Kunkle's Worm Syrup, and Dr. Jan Kunkle, sound to be D. P. Kunkle, 501 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. Advice by mail free; send three cent stamp. Nov. 6, 1879. 1m

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. Jan. 16, 1879. 1y

BRIGHT, ATTRACTIVE, CHEERFUL.
Mrs. Julia McNair Wright's New Book,
THE COMPLETE HOME
Full of PRACTICAL INFORMATION,
The young Housekeeper's GUIDE,
The Experienced Housekeeper's FRIEND.
Home-Keeping, Cooking, Dress, Accidents, Sickness, Children, Culture, Society, Religion, and Amusements, Family Government, and a multitude of other topics fully treated. Tells how to make the Home BEAUTIFUL and HAPPY.
A book of more practical utility and attractiveness cannot be found outside of inspiration.—Christian Cynosure.
NEEDED in every city home and every home in the country. BY Rich and Poor. Fine Paper, Clear Type, Beautiful Binding, handsome Illustrations. Nearly 600 Pages. Low price. Sold only by subscription.
AGENTS WANTED. Liberal Commission. Address, J. C. McCURDY & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
Nov. 27, 1879. 4w

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE undersigned offers for sale or rent the large Weatherboarded DWELLING AND STORE HOUSE, situate on the Diagonal, west corner of the Square in HAMPTON, Adams co., Pa. The house contains twelve rooms, and the lot, containing one acre of land, is improved with a large stable, fruit, good water, &c. Possession given on April 1, 1880. For further particulars inquire of the undersigned, living on the New Chester road about ¾ mile from Hampton.
Oct. 24, 1879. tf JOHN A. DIGGS.

PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at private sale TWO PROPERTIES in Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa.—The first being the Brick property, on the west bank of Rock creek. It consists of 3 Acres of land, with BRICK HOUSE and Brick Kitchen, large and thriving orchard of choice fruit, and everything that will turn any kind of stock surplus to account.

No. 2—A new FRAME HOUSE, Frame Kitchen, Frame Stable, well of water, a splendid Orchard of peaches and apple, with ¾ Acre of land, adjoining the above.

Both are pleasant homes, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to or address
July 21, 1879. tf JACOB MUSSER.

HOTEL FOR RENT.

THE FARMERS' AND DROVERS' HOTEL, situate on Carlisle street, near the borough limits, in Hanover, will be rented for next year—possession will be given April 1, 1880. The Hotel is a large Two-story Building, with an Attic and Two-story back Building; large Stable and Yard, Hay and Cattle Scales. Everything is in good repair. For further information apply to the undersigned, residing in Union twp., Adams co., or by letter in Mechanicstown, Adams co., Pa.
Nov. 15, '79. tf DANIEL GRISELMAN.

Administratrix's Notice.

HENRY MARTIN'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Henry Martin, late of Latimore township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MATILDA MARTIN,
Administratrix.

Nov. 20, 1879. 6w*

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned, appointed Auditor by the Court of Common Pleas, of Adams county, to distribute the balance of funds in the hands of WILLIAM KUHNS, Assignee of SCHRIVER & FINK, to the parties entitled thereto, gives notice that he will attend at his office, in Gettysburg, on FRIDAY, the 28th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, at 9 o'clock, A. M., to discharge the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties in interest may attend and present their claims for allowance.

W. A. DUNCAN,
Nov. 13, 1879. 4t Auditor.

Executors' Notice.

JOHN GINTNER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John Gintner, late of Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first-named residing in Oxford township and the latter named in Mount Pleasant township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ADAM GINTNER,
J. E. SMITH,
Executors.

Nov. 6, 1879. 6w

Executrice's Notice.

ABRAHAM KRISE'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Abraham Krise, late of the borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, both residing in the same borough, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRIETTA S. KRISE,
MARCELLA M. KRISE,
Executrices.

Or to CALVIN P. KRISE, Attorney-in-Fact.
Oct. 30, 1879. 6w

Executrix's Notice.

JOHN KLINEPETER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John Klinepeter, late of Hamilton township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANNA KLINEPETER,
Executrix.

Nov. 6, 1879. 6w

HALL IN NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned has erected, in NEW OXFORD, Adams co., Pa., a commodious and comfortable HALL, for the accommodation of CONCERTS, EXHIBITIONS, DRAMATIC PARTIES, &c. His terms will always be found reasonable. Apply to or address

J. H. WIEST,
New Oxford, Adams co., Pa.

Feb. 10, 1871. tf

TWO VALUABLE FARMS
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale two of his Farms, viz:

No. 1, A FARM, situate in Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of A. F. White, Esq., Abraham Bond's heirs, Christian Frey and others, containing 28½ acres, more or less, improved with a Two-story Log Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, nearly new Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Hog Pen, Carriage House and other out-buildings; also Apple and Peach Orchards, besides other fruit, cultivation and convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. This tract will be sold entire or in two parts to suit purchasers.

No. 2, A FARM, situate in Liberty township, Adams county, adjoining lands of the undersigned, David Martin, Joseph Hunter's heirs and others, containing 162 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn with Wagon Shed and Corn Crib attached, and other out-buildings. The tract is well watered and has apple orchards and a variety of other fruit. This land has recently been limed and is in a liberal state of cultivation. Persons wishing to view the properties will call on the undersigned residing in Liberty township, or on A. F. White, Esq., residing in Freedom township. Terms made easy.

Aug. 29, 1878. tf W. R. WHITE.

VALUABLE FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale his very DESIRABLE PROPERTY, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., 1 mile south west of Heidlersburg, adjoining lands of Jno. Edward Sheffer, son, Wm. Burkam, G. W. Scott and others, containing 171 ACRES, improved with two sets of Buildings: No 1, FRAME HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wash House, Wood Shed, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen, Carriage House, Ice Well, well with pump, cistern, &c. No. 2, FRAME HOUSE, Frame Barn, Wagon Shed, Wood Shed, Smoke House, large Hog Pen, well with pump, cistern, &c. These buildings are all new; buildings No. 1 have all been erected within 3 years. Orchard of choice fruit of every kind on premises. This property is bounded on the south by Marsh Creek, and will be sold entire or divided, to suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to view the property will call on the undersigned, residing on No. 2.

Also, A LOT OF GROUND, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, adjoining Henry A. Tait and David Kleintlop, improved with a good Two-story BRICK HOUSE, with One-story Back-building, Stable, &c. Water never-failing well of water, and a variety of fruit.

Oct. 16, '79. tf JOHN CUNNINGHAM.

A GOOD FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, intending to change residence, will sell his FARM at private sale, viz: 1 mile from Bittinger's Station, in Liberty township, Adams county, Pa., 4 miles from Gettysburg, 2 miles from Mummasburg, adjoining lands of Moses Bittinger, Thomas Fisher and others, containing 94 ACRES and 22 PERCHES of arable land and 16 acres of good TIMBER LAND lying 2½ miles from the farm. The improvements are a good substantial BRICK HOUSE, 2 story high, Frame Bank Barn with Wagon Shed, Corn Crib and Hog Shed for housing implements; cistern, well-house, good Spring and other good out-buildings, good Hog Pen, 12 by 25 feet, good Spring House, Wood House, Work Shop, Buggy House and all other necessary out-buildings—all built within 4 years; two gardens and the yards around the house all enclosed with a good ornamental picket fence, all new; a young Apple orchard of 200 trees of the choicest fruit, with a good variety of other fruit; also 1 mile beyond at 190 perches, ready to haul. The land has all been limed within three years, and is in good state of cultivation, and the fences are all in good order, the fields are conveniently laid out, so that stock can never access to a neighbouring stream or water from any field on the farm.

The farm is well located and calculated for either a Milkman or Dairy Farmer, and is in a good neighborhood, convenient to schools, churches, mills, &c. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on John Crook, residing on the farm, or on the undersigned, near where the Conewago Paper Mill was.

July 31, '79. tf SAMUEL FISHER.

VALUABLE FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale his VERY DESIRABLE FARM, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., about one mile south of Heidlersburg, adjoining Wm. Wallace, C. B. Kleinfelter and others, containing 159 ACRES, more or less, about 25 acres of which is good timber. The farm land is very productive, and the fences are good. The improvements consist of a Two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib and other out-buildings; a well of never-failing water in the barn-yard and a fine APPLE ORCHARD of the largest and choicest fruit of every kind, just in full bearing condition, and hardly equalled in this county. Also a young Peach Orchard, with all other kinds of the best fruit—indeed the property should commend itself to purchasers, being one of the most fruit producing localities. The land is principally copper-stone, which generally produces an abundant crop of wheat, and is very level and in every sense satisfactory. The water cannot be excelled. Altogether the farm is among the finest farms in the county. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on the first-named, residing thereon. For further particulars inquire of the undersigned.

J. H. KAPPENSPERGER,
Aug. 7. tf DANIEL G. SHEELY.

A Desirable Farm
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber on account of failing health, offers at private sale his DESIRABLE FARM, situate in Germany township, Adams county, Pa., 2½ miles southwest of Gettysburg, adjoining Philip Redding, Esq., Thos. J. Neely, Edward Sadler and others, containing 93 ACRES, more or less, about 15 acres in timber and 10 in meadow, some of the land has been limed, all in good state of cultivation, and the fences are good. The improvements are a large Two-story STONE HOUSE, with Stone Kitchen attached, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, new Hog Pen and other outbuildings; a good well of water at the house and two fine springs near; water in all the fields; a good orchard of Apple and Peach Orchard, about 7 acres all budded to the best kinds, and the trees just in prime bearing condition—a very valuable part of the property. Persons wishing to view the premises, will call on the subscriber, residing thereon. About 50 acres would be sold with the improvements, or the farm cut in to suit purchasers. The property is in a pleasant neighborhood, and convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. Terms easy.

ABDIEL SLONAKER.

Aug. 28, 1879. 4m

A GOOD FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, THE DESIRABLE FARM, situate on the Chambersburg Turnpike, along the east bank of Marsh creek, three miles from Gettysburg, in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining Wm. Walker, Samuel Lohr, Herster and Mehley's and others, containing 93 ACRES, more or less, having thereon a Two-story DWELLING HOUSE, Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib and other out-buildings; a well of never-failing water at the door; a fine young Apple Orchard, besides peaches, cherries, pears and grapes. The land is of the best quality and the fences are good; plentifully limited, and convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. For further information call on or address, at Seven Stars.

Sept. 4. 3m W. C. LOTT.

GOODS!-

Stock Ever Opened

SBURG!

Popular and Standard Authors,
velists, Juvenile and
., &c., for

ew Year Gifts!

RRORS,
TUMERY,
ES, FANCY
PEN KNIVES
E INKSTANDS,
DS, THERMOME-
PAPER WEIGHTS,
ESKS, PORTFOLIOS,
ET BOOKS, CARD AND
CASES, DIARIES for
ES, LADIES' WORK
KSTANDS, GOLD
S, PEARL AND
LS, MANTLE
INITIAL
ENVEL-
&c., &c.

permanent value, at the same time
our stock. Prices to suit the times.

LER & CO.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

ockford Watch.

The man who did buy a Rockford watch.
(On board.)

KER & JEWELER, GETTYSBURG.

UGGIES - CARRIAGES.

HE undersigned informs his friends and the public generally that he continues to build

illing-Top, Standing-Top, and Trotting BUGGIES,

CARRIAGES, JAGGERS, &c.,

different styles—all of No. 1 material and workmanship. No care or expense is spared in making work tasteful and durable—always up with the times and satisfactory in price as well as character of work on hand and orders solicited.

Repairing

attended to promptly and in the best manner. Establishment in East Middle street, Gettysburg, one square and a half of the Court-house. Call and see for yourselves.
JACOB TROXELL.
Feb. 17, 1873. tf

Strouse's Livery,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
Opposite the Eagle Hotel.
GETTYSBURG, PA.

he Best of Riding and Driving Horses, Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, &c., and Moderate Charges.

E PUBLIC SERVED IN THE BEST MANNER AT ALL HOURS.

L. STROUSE.
Apr. 12, 1878. tf

New Advertisements.

[BAUCHMAN'S

anos Stool, Cover and Book only $14 to $55. ORGANS 11 Stops, 3 sets reeds, Stool, Book, only $98. Sunday News sent Free. Address Daniel Beatty, Washington, N. J. Nov. 27, 4w

$200 returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Circular and Official Reports and information free. Like profits weekly on Stock options of $10 to $50. Address T. Potter Hall & Co., Bankers, 41 Wall St., N. Y.

$1 to $1000 invested in Wall Street gives the largest profits. Stocks make fortunes every month. Books sent free explaining everything. Address, BANTES & CO., Bankers, 17 Wall St., New York.

CONSUMPTION

CURED. A simple vegetable remedy discovered by a missionary in South America. Positively cures Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all chronic Complaints, which has been tested in thousands of cases. Recipe, with full directions, in German, French, or English, for preparing and using, sent by mail free of charge. Inclose stamp. Please name this paper. Address, REV. JOSEPH ALLEN, 149 Power's Block, Rochester, N.Y.

GENTS WANTED FOR A TOUR ROUND THE WORLD BY GENERAL GRANT, PRICE ONLY $3

is the fastest-selling book ever published, and the only authentic and complete story of General Grant's Travels. Send for circulars containing a full description of the work and our extraordinary terms to Agents. Address, National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Nov. 20, 4w

AGENTS READ THIS!

Want an Agent in this County to whom I pay a salary of $100 per month and expenses to sell our wonderful inventions. Sample free. Address at once, SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Michigan. Nov. 6, 4w

$5 to $5000! Individuals invested in Stock of Gold and Petroleum Co. for Members every week, and have paid Members from $5 to $5000 profit. Circulars explanatory of the business sent free. Address, Lawrence & Co., Bankers, 25 Broad St., N. Y.

ON 30 DAYS TRIAL.—We will send our ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELTS and other Electric Appliances upon trial for 30 days to those suffering from Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Paralysis, or any disease of the Liver or Kidneys, and many others. A Sure Cure Guaranteed. Address, VOLTAIC BELT CO., Jackson, Michigan. Nov. 6, 4w

FRED. THORN'S
FASHIONABLE
Shaving and Hair-Cutting Saloon
CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
Opposite Eagle Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Mar. 13, 1873. tf

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AT $2.50 PER DAY.
Fremont House.
NO LIQUORS SOLD.
1873. tf

Gettysburg Compiler.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

LOCAL FLASHES.—Thanksgiving to-day.

LOOK out for the "falling stars."

THE County Teachers' Institute is in full tide. Large attendance and interesting exercises.

UNION Thanksgiving services in the College church at 10½ A. M., Rev. Dr. Kieffer to preach the sermon.

THE usual Thanksgiving services in the Episcopal church at 10½ A. M.

MR. J. G. BASSHORE, in Union township, has purchased of Mr. S. H. Mackley, agent for Frick & Co., Waynesboro', a new stationary engine and attached it to his grist mill, enabling him to do all kinds of work without regard to the stage of water.

THE troupe known as Simmons & Rankins' Minstrels, who exhibited in Gettysburg some time ago, disbanded near Columbus, Ohio, in a financially disorganized condition.

"A RAMBLE from 'Rambler' again. Welcome!

THE Republicans had a jollification at Littlestown on Friday evening week, and crowed lustily over the Democrats. Which Democrats must expect when they don't help themselves.

A TWELVE-YEAR son of Thomas Adams, of Conewago township, recently fell from a shellbark tree and was considerably bruised.

THE next census is to be taken in one month—June. The tenth Pennsylvania district will consist of Adams, Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Cumberland, Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Mifflin, Perry, Snyder, Union and York.

THE attending physician of Pius D. Miller's children says they died from chronic croup—none had diphtheria.

MR. I. BROWN, of Hamilton township, this county, on Wednesday evening week delivered his senior oration at Ursinus College on "Refinement a National Benefit"—which was received with warm applause.

OUR streets are brightened this week by the intelligent and cheerful faces of the school teachers of the county.

At the weighing of two hogs in McKnightstown, Wm. Spence guessed, the weight exactly, 631 lbs, Cal. B. Raffensperger came within a quarter of a pound, and Michael Harnish within half a pound.

MR. WM. A. STONER, near Idaville, reports a turnip weighing 10 lbs, and a Spanish chestnut (grown upon a graft) that measured 4½ inches in circumference.

THE third annual Sabbath School Convention of the Presbytery of Carlisle will be held at Newport, Perry county, on the 9th and 10th of December.

MR. WM. D. GILDEES, of Cumberland township, has a turkey hen now laying, depositing her 30th egg yesterday.

SUDDEN DEATH.—We hear that Mr. Robert Irwin, of Highland township, was found dead in his bed on Monday morning. He retired the previous evening in usual health.

WE are indebted to Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal for a copy of the report of the Adams County Medical Society, extracted from the transactions of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania for 1879. The report was prepared by Dr. O'Neal, and has many interesting points, some of which we may call for our columns.

THE "Singin' Skewl" announced by "Aunt Polly Bassett" attracted a large audience at Agricultural Hall on Saturday evening; many were compelled to stand. The performance proved highly entertaining, and withal developed no little local musical talent. "Aunt Polly" knows how to drill the young folks.

FAIR.—The Catholic Fair in Buchanan Valley will begin on Thursday, the 11th of December, and continue three days. The public cordially invited and urged to attend. Proceeds for repairs to the church edifice.

DEER.—So far we have heard of four deer shot in the Piney Mountain—a doe dressing 80 lbs. by George W. Newman, brought down with a rifle at a distance of 260 steps; a fawn dressing 50 lbs. by Lewis McKenrick; a two-prong buck by John McKenrick, Jr.; and a fourth deer by a son of Wm. Kane.

NEW RAILROAD.—The new railroad to Baltimore was finished on Wednesday morning. The last rails laid fitted into their places exactly, without cutting, which is said to be a good omen. The first train over the road, on Thursday, carried the president and directors, and to-morrow an excursion from Gettysburg and all points along the line will be run. As tickets are to be very low, a goodly crowd is expected to go.

RIVER TWP. IMPROVEMENTS.—A. P. Cronise has built a large brick house and barn and other out-buildings; Jesse Peters a frame dwelling house, two-story; William Lady added 18 feet square, two-story frame, and back-building to his house; Henry Snyebugh a wash house; Harey Deardorff a wash house; Jacob Gardner converted a shop into a dwelling house; John Zinn enlarged his barn; John Lower built a hog shed on his lower farm; Daniel Lady a barn; Jeremiah H. Bowers is putting up a house.

SALES.—On Saturday week Jesse D. Keller, Esq., assignee of John W. Brown, sold the property of assignor, in Cumberland township, to Mrs. E. A. J. Brown, at $2,800. Mr. J. G. McKinney has purchased a lot of ground in McSherrystown, with a two-story cigar factory, warehouse and dry-house from the late firm of Smith, McKinney & Co., for $1,000 cash, and will continue the b'y of tobacco and cigar business at the old stand.

On the 15th inst., Wm. Golden, Esq., assignee of John H. Dull and wife, sold a property in Straban township—19½ acres and improvements—to Groff Cassat at $230; and as the assignee of Eliza Dull, a house and lot to same at $600.

AARON ALCOTT alias Jacob Mayers has, on the books of the eastern penitentiary, the record of an "old offender." Some years ago he was convicted of burglary and larceny in Bucks county, and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years, which he served. Subsequently, in the same county, he was arrested on four similar charges, convicted, and sentenced to the penitentiary for 17 years. Nine of these he served, and then succeeded in securing a pardon. He soon after made Adams county a second visit, (having gotten away by breaking jail on the first, in 1866,) and again fell into the habit of appropriating other people's property without authority. He is now likely to remain where he is, "in separate and solitary confinement," for the term of 6 years and 8 months.

STRAW WANTED.—Joseph Wible, Gettysburg, will pay $7 and upwards for good Rye straw, and $5 and upwards for Wheat straw, if delivered within two or three weeks.
Nov. 27, 1879. 5t

TOWN PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE.—Hon. Edward McPherson, Executor of the will of John B. McPherson, deceased, will sell the valuable Town Residence on Carlisle street, on Friday next, November 28th, 1879, at 2 o'clock, P. M. It

GRAND OPENING.—On Friday, Nov. 28th 1879, at TIPTON'S 99c. Store. All are cordially invited to inspect our large stock of Useful and Ornamental Goods. Our assortment is varied and complete, too large for enumeration. We give you full value for your money. Everything is warranted as represented. Call and be convinced. It

FINE TAFFYS and Caromels at
Nov. 27. tf Winter & Son's.

SKATES—American Club — Acme — Ice King — Clipper — &c., for sale by
Nov. 27. tf Winter & Son's.

TERRIBLE DEATH.—Our town was shocked about noon on Saturday by the report that Mr. James Hake, a well-known butcher of this place, had met a sudden and terrible death on the Mummasburg road by the falling of his horse. The report proved too true, but the circumstances connected with the sad event will never be known.

He started out the Mummasburg road on horseback to look after some cattle. He was seen cantering pleasantly along by people living on the road, as far as and beyond Hankey's. Shortly after a riderless horse ran into the yard at Alfred Slonaker's, the next farm beyond. One of Mr. Slonaker's sons immediately mounted the horse and rode back, to see what may have happened. Half-way to Hankey's woods he found a bent on the road, and near the woods, on the side road, the motionless body of a man, bruised and bleeding. The boy hurried to Hankey's and reported what he had seen. He was directed to proceed to town for a physician, whilst Mr. Hankey, Mr. Eckenrode, the tenant, and others of the neighbors hurried to the spot. The body was recognized as that of James Hake, and was at once brought to town.

It is supposed that whilst cantering along the horse blundered and fell, Mr. Hake going down with him and the animal probably rolling over him. The horse getting on his feet again, seemed to have moved around in an irregular circle, dragging his rider with one foot in a stirrup about 75 yards.

Mr. Hake must have died instantly, his neck having been broken by the fall. His jawbone was also fractured and the left arm dislocated at the shoulder, with many bruises upon the head and body.

Justice Cox held an inquest, Messrs. John L. Holtzworth, Wm. D. Holtzworth, John M. Tate, Charles Gilbert, L. M. Culp and Jekes McElroy acting as jurors, and the verdict was one of accidental death from the fall of his horse.

The remains of Mr. Hake were interred beside those of his wife, in Flohr's graveyard between McKnightstown and Cashtown, on Monday. The body was taken into the Reformed church at the former place, and appropriate services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Kieffer and Rev. A. J. Heller, the former preaching the sermon. Deceased was raised in that vicinity, and old neighbors and friends turned out in large numbers to do him a last honor. His age was 45 years 7 months and 7 days. He leaves a family of six children, to whom his death will be an irreparable loss.

THE burn with contents of Adam Miller, Jr., recently burned in Reading township, was insured for $1,200 in the Dover Company. His loss is estimated at $2,200. About 200 bushels of wheat, 800 of corn and 300 of oats were consumed with the barn, together with more than 20 tons of hay, three large stacks of cornfodder and all his shaw. Mr. Miller will sell 11 head of horned cattle next Saturday.

GRAND EXCURSION!—HO FOR BALTIMORE OVER THE NEW RAILROAD.—An excursion to Baltimore and return over the new railroad is announced for to-morrow (Friday,) Nov. 28. Train will leave Gettysburg at 6.15 A. M.; are we at Baltimore at 10 A. M. Leave Hilton Station, Baltimore, at 4.20 P. M., and arrive at Gettysburg about 8 P. M. Fare for the round trip: From Gettysburg $2.35, Granite $1.90, Dutter's $1.25, New Oxford $1.15, East Berlin $1.25, Abbottstown $1.20, and Hanover $1.

The regular train from East Berlin will leave at 6.20 instead of 6.30 A. M. The regular train from Gettysburg will leave at the usual time—6.50.

REV. DR. C. P. SCHAEFFER, a prominent divine of the Lutheran Church, died at his residence in Philadelphia, on Sunday morning, in the seventy-third year of his age. Dr. Schaeffer was born in Germantown in 1807, graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1827, and entered the ministry in 1829. During his life he held several important pastorates, and was for a number of years Professor of Theology in the College at Columbus, Ohio, and for nearly nine years held a professorship in the College at Gettysburg. When the Lutheran Seminary was established in Philadelphia in 1864, Dr. Schaeffer became senior professor and chairman of the faculty. He had been in feeble health about a year previous to his death.

THE first Thanksgiving proclamation preserved in a printed form, that is known, is one issued by his Excellency Francis Bernard, Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over His Majesty's province of the Massachusetts Bay, in New England, and Vice-Admiral of the same, in 1767. From the language of the proclamation, it would seem that it was an old custom in 1767.

SPECIAL attention is invited to Barth, Dunbarr's, Hill's, the Allentown and other celebrated makes of Shoes, at ECKER'S.
Nov. 27, '79. tf

RAUCH'S PENNSYLVANIA DUTCH HAND-BOOK.—It contains 240 pages; printed on first-class tinted book paper; neatly bound in cloth.

The Hand-Book contains over 5,000 English words translated into Penn. Dutch, and the same, alphabetically arranged, translated into English. A number of pages are devoted to practical exercises, business talk, the manner of using given words, and variety of explanations, all in both Penn. Dutch and English, and specially designed to instruct in either language. As the Penn. Dutch is written in phonetic English, no study of orthography is necessary, as all who can read English can readily read the Penn. Dutch as recorded in The Hand-Book. The concluding part of this book is made up of a brief history of Penn. Dutch Literature, with liberal quotations of poetry and other writings of Harbaugh, Witmer, Rachel Bahn and others, with translations. Also Extracts from Shakespeare translated—from Brutus on the death of Cæsar, Richard the III, and including an extract, as a burlesque, on Hamlet and the Ghost. Also, in Penn. Dutch, the beautiful story of the Prodigal Son, and several other familiar Scriptural quotations, including the Lord's Prayer. The last chapter consists of choice selections from "Pit Schwefelbrenner" and several pages of closing remarks, with an extract from Prof. Ellis of the London Philological Society on the Penn. Dutch language.

The Hand-Book constitutes the original regular record of a language spoken by several millions of people, and the author flatters himself that as a whole, his work, though not entirely free from errors and inconsistences, is well done.

Price of the book $1.50. Sent by mail to any part of the country. Address, E. H. RAUCH, Publisher, Mauch Chunk, Pa.

AND I pray dat de Lord take me, till I tried "Sellers' Cough Syrup," an' I'a nebber coughed since. How's dat for high, boss?

C. C. LEADER a prominent merchant of Shamokin says: "I have sold large quantities of Dr. Coxe's Wild Cherry and Seneka and used it in my family for several years; it has given universal satisfaction. I advise all to use it, who have coughs, colds or croupy children."

I DEEM it my duty to acquaint suffering humanity with the fact that St. Jacobs Oil is the most beneficial remedy ever introduced; this I have practically tested. For the past sixteen years I have suffered with Rheumatism, and so severely that I was robbed of my night's rest. A change of weather would have the most painful effect on me, for then I could move neither hands or feet. I tried every known remedy, but of no avail; at last somebody recommended St. Jacobs Oil, and I concluded to try it, but with little hope for relief. Having hardly used half a bottle, the pains diminished, and to-day I am well once more. The small sum of fifty cents had cured me. Thomas Ott, St. Boniface, Pa.

WHEN you want a nice set of Queensware cheaper than ever, call at Herman & Thorn's.
Nov. 20. tf

COURT.—We continue court proceedings Wm. B. Meal vs. Wm. F. Thomas. Appeal from the docket of A. W. Starns, Esq. Verdict for plaintiff for $15.69.

Nathanie' Nickey vs. The Home Mutual Life Association of Pennsylvania. Settled.

Rebecca Sunday vs. Same. Settled.

First National Bank of Milton vs. Isaac Kahns. Settled.

Danville National Bank vs. Hiram F. Brenn. Settled.

Lydia Chronister, now deceased, Edward Chronister her administrator, for the use of Lydia M. Bair, now for the use of John M. Bupp, vs. Edward Chronister. Judgment of non suit, plaintiff not being ready.

First National Bank of Gettysburg, endorsee, vs. Jacob McDannell, endorser. Verdict for defendant.

Jones & Laughlin vs. George Senbright. Judgment for plaintiff by consent of defendant for $223 33.

George Throne vs. George Conrad. Case discontinued at cost of plaintiff.

Wm. Heniffer vs. Tobias Cauffman. Case continued at cost of defendant.

J. F. Koehler vs. Jacob Marx. Judgment of non suit.

Blymyer Manufacturing Company vs. J. S. Hershey and John Krug. Summons in trespass on the case upon promises, involving the sale of steam thresher. The case was commenced on Friday afternoon and on trial until Saturday evening, when Court adjourned to meet in the arbitration room on Monday, the court room having been previously engaged for the Teachers' Institute.

Two cases in the Quarter Sessions the week before—Com. vs. John F. Warner. Charge perjury, on information of Abdiel Baugher; verdict not guilty, county to pay costs. For selling liquor without license, S. G. Sneeringer sentenced to pay $200.

An inquest pronounced Thomas Goodman a lunatic, and Lewi Minter was appointed his committee. Mr. Goodman has since died.

Three civil suits were continued to January, and the balance to the special court next week.

—Court again meet on Monday and resumed the case of the Blymyer Manufacturing Company vs. J. S. Hershey and John Krug. Jury out.

A STAR SHOWER.—On or about the 27th of the present month it is predicted that we shall see, if the weather be favorable, a meteoric shower similar to the great one of nearly a half century ago, which left such an enduring impression upon those who witnessed it. That event took mankind by surprise, but since that time science has been busy studying the how and the why and is now able not only to account for those brilliant phenomena of the past, but even to predict their recurrence with tolerable precision. On or about the 27th inst. the earth will pass through the train of meteoroids which follow the path of the now extinct comet of Biela. These fragmentary bodies, now dark, when they come within the atmosphere of the earth will be ignited like lucifer matches by the friction, so enormously rapid is the motion through space, and will blaze out like minute suns in the black vault of night. Some of them may actually fall to the earth as meteoric stones, but by far the greater number will be consumed entirely and reduced to their constituent vapors. These meteors, should the prediction be fulfilled, will seem to radiate from a point in the Northern heavens near Cassiopeia, not that all nor even very many will actually start from that point, but the line of their apparent paths produced backward would center at or near that part of the sky. Meteors that move in other directions on the night in question will not be of the Biela system and will belong to another class. The history of this train of meteoric bodies, invisible except when fired by the friction of the earth's atmosphere, is a remarkable one. It is the history of a scattered and ruined comet. In 1826 Biela discovered the comet, then in good repair and by calculation it was found that its period of revolution was about 6¾ years. Its reappearances were duly noted. When it came back in 1846, however, it had suffered a remarkable accident. It had been possibly in a row with some of the other planetoids and had got bitten in two. Certainly there were two of them chasing each other through the sky. The cometary team continued to come back on time until 1872, though showing signs of distress, but in that year it failed to appear. It seems to have disrupted. But the Biela comet, though invisible, had stretched out into a long line of tiny fragments, a sort of burial procession of a dead comet, and only waited for the earth to furnish the friction to light up its funeral torches. This it did in 1872 and this, according to expectation, it will do again on or about Thanksgiving night. The display of 1872, visible in Europe but not here, was magnificent. Ten thousand five hundred and seventy-nine meteors were counted in the Glasgow Observatory. In Italy four observers, selecting the four quarters of the Heavens so as not to duplicate, counted 35,000 shooting stars. The most brilliant period lasted only about four minutes, when the "radiant point" seemed actually ablaze with the multitudes of meteors. Prof. Proctor, from whose contribution to "Belgravia" the leading facts of the foregoing article are taken, does not make the prediction of the meteoric shower with any pretense to such precision as is attainable in dealing with planetary bodies. He does not announce it with certainty as he might an eclipse or an occultation, but puts it forth as a scientific expectation merely, not knowing the hour of its occurrence nor even certainly that it will come at all. It is, however, well worth watching for, for if the night be cloudless, the display will be magnificent beyond all description. Such a thing, in fact, happens only two or three times in a century.—Bal. Gazette.

"THE COMPLETE HOSTE."—Mrs. Julia McNair Wright's new book, just published by J. C. McCurdy & Co., of Philadelphia, has received the warmest commendations from the Press and Clergy in all sections of the country.

The following extracts clearly indicate that it is a work of sterling merit.

The Christian Advocate says:—A book of more practical utility will seldom, if ever, be found outside of inspiration.

The Presbyterian says:—The prevailing feature of the book is its good sense, and when we say this of such a book we pay it the highest compliment we can imagine. It is true everywhere to the Evangelical faith.

The Journal and Messenger, Cincinnati, O., says:—We believe that it would be of unspeakable benefit to every family in our land could it be read not only by fathers and mothers, but by sons and daughters as they are growing up. Its healthy tone, its common sense and truthfulness commend it, and can but render it of the highest value.

The N. Y. School Journal says:—In this work we have all the lights and shadows that go to make up the picture of a real home. It imparts instruction in the whole range of domestic government in the most pleasing and effective manner.

The Mo. Republican says:—This is essentially a home book. It must have been dictated by a heart that has been baptized in the beauty of the holiness of home. * * * The sentiment of the book is lofty while the style is natural, cheerful, easy and fluent, and the pages are so many bright pictures of domestic quiet and comfort.

Rev. Dr. March says:—It is so well written that it cannot fail to be read, and it cannot be read without bringing sweetness and light into somebody's home.

From the above, it will be seen that this is a sensible, beautiful, and extremely valuable book. Its sphere is wide as the world itself and it will exert a powerful influence for good in every home into which it enters.

Agents for its sale are wanted everywhere.

NOVELTIES in Neck Ties, Bows, Linen and Paper Collars, Cuffs, &c., at Eckert's. Aug. 1

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—The twenty-fifth annual session of the Adams County Teachers' Institute, now in progress in the Court-room, was called to order Monday afternoon by the President, Capt. J. F. McCreary, in a brief address of welcome.

County Superintendent Sheely outlined the week's work, urging the importance of regular attendance.

Messrs. Thos. D. McCreary, Abia Smucker, Dr. A. L. Bishop and Misses M. C. Thompson and E. H. Warren were appointed a committee on organization.

70 Teachers responded at roll call.

Messrs. Jacob M. Meals, Frank D. Blocher, H. G. Comfort, Wm. D. Kugler, Edmund Townsend, Geo. A. Trimmer, A. B. Jacobs, John Lorew, Jacob R. Lisbey, J. W. Tudor, Will. J. Plank, Jacob M. Deardorff and W. C. Sheely were made ushers for the evening session.

The committee on organization reported for President, Aaron Sheely; Vice Presidents, Capt. J. F. McCreary and Calvin Hamilton; Secretary, J. Louis Sowers; Assistants, Misses Alice Seabrooks and Sarah C. Stable. Report adopted.

The hours for the sessions were fixed at 8.30 A. M. to 12 M., and 1.30 to 4.30 P. M.

The membership fee was fixed at 50 cents.

Evening Session.—A full house greeted Col. J. P. Sanford in his "Wanderings in Sunny Lands, including a day in London." Many of the important buildings of London were described in pleasing style and the ups and downs of the traveler's life in Arabia graphically pictured.

The Gettysburg Orchestra furnished choice music before and after the lecture.

TUESDAY. — Morning Session. — After prayer by Rev. Mr. Stine and music by the Institute, Miss Lizzie Cashman at the organ, the President announced the following committee on social intercourse: Messrs. H. G. Comfort, G. A. Bowers, Jacob A. Appler, E. W. Cook, J. H. Huechst, D. P. Delap and Misses Emma Byers, Sarah C. Stable, Clara Mickley, Bella Norris, Nannie Gallagher, Mary Neely, Alice J. Markley, Annie P. Hagy, Jennie Lisbey and Annie M. Adams.

Col. Sanford addressed the Institute on the importance of making teaching a profession, claiming that success could not otherwise be attained. He dwelt at some length on the duties, trials and incidents of the teacher's life.

On motion a vote of thanks was extended to the Col. for his address.

Prof. S. B. Heiges, of York, was introduced and opened the subject of Oral Language Instruction. The study of language should begin as soon as the pupil enters the school, and what is should be taught the art of composition as soon as they can form the characters of the written language.

Prof. Moses T. Brown, of Tufts College, Mass., was introduced and opened his work in Elocution, commencing with expression, rendering a selection from Bombay and Son as an illustration.

Prof. Jno. R. French, of Indiana State Normal School, Indiana, Pa., gave the essential qualifications of the teacher, showing the importance of the work, and the necessity of proper qualification.

Afternoon Session.—Ninety-eight teachers answered at roll call.

Prof. Brown resumed the subject of Elocution, illustrating a poem entitled "John Burns of Gettysburg."

Prof. E. C. Little, of Pittsburg, presented his method of teaching Free Hand Drawing.

Prof. French, addressed the Institute on "School Organization," showing the importance of constant employment, order in everything and continuous effort.

Prof. Heiges resumed, showing through a class of children how language can be taught by simple objects. Slips of colored paper were used, and the Institute was highly interested by the Professor's practical remarks.

Evening Session.—Numerous requests induced Col. Sanford to give the substance of his two lectures "Paris in War Times," and "Old Times and New." For more than two hours the audience was richly entertained with the Colt's graphic descriptions and spicy humor.

COPPER.—"The Waynesboro' Record says: The miners on the Russell copper farm, on the South Mountain, are still at work. The shaft and drift in which they are at present operating has reached a depth of 113 feet. We are told the prospects are more encouraging of late.

ALL persons having demands against the Episcopal Church of Gettysburg are requested to present them to the undersigned on or before Dec. 10th, 1879. HENRY L. PHILLIPS.

DR. COXE'S Wild Cherry and Seneka has now been in use for fifty years, and has always given complete satisfaction to the tens of thousands who have used it. Price 25 and 50 cents.

SHORT STOPS.—Grant is to have a big reception in Philadelphia on the 16th of December.

—State Senator George D. Jackson, of Sullivan county, died on Sunday.

—Winter has set in throughout northern Europe. At Berlin the snow is very deep.

—Several horses, thirty-six cows, six horses, and a large quantity of hay and grain belonging to Oscar Dunn, of Millville, near Milford, were burned on Thursday night by a fire thought to be incendiary. Loss $8,000 with no insurance.

TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.—The Cumberland County Temperance Alliance will meet in Convention at Mechanicsburg on Thursday and Friday, December 4th and 5th 1879. Prominent workers and speakers from abroad will be present. Churches, Sunday Schools, Y. M. C. Associations, Temperance Societies, Colleges and Seminaries of Adams county, are requested to send delegates. Entertainment free or at reduced rates. By order of Ex. Com.

W. D. BLACKBURN,
Pres. Cum. Co. Tem. Alliance.

If You Want to See
The finest assortment of Cashmeres;
If You Want to See
The largest stock of Ladies' Dress Goods;
If You Want to See
The best assortment of Cloths and Cassimeres
If You Want to See
The best assortment of Ladies' Coats;
If You Want to See
The largest assortment of Dry Goods and Notions—
Come
To J. L. SCHICK'S.
Nov. 20. tf

"IT'S only a common cold," said a friend to us the other day, so hoarse he could only speak in a whisper. We advised the use of Dr. Coxe's wild cherry and seneka, which gave immediate relief. You can get it of any dealer. Price 25 and 50 cents.

A STITCH in Time Saves Nine, and those raising stock, owners of milk cattle, and especially farmers getting their horses in good condition for spring work, will find this proverb true by procuring a supply of Forney's Horse and Cattle Powders. They have been reduced in price, and are warranted to do as represented. Manufactured and for sale at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. March 1.

WE have printed a lot of new Blanks—Appraisements and Widow's Exempt Lists ann ong them

Do you want a good Plough, Wagon, Shovel Plough or Cultivator, call on Wm. Wible. May 10. tf

SHIPPING TO BALTIMORE.—H. S. Benner in addition to grain and produce, is shipping pork, poultry, cloverseed, &c., twice a week to Baltimore. All desiring to ship will be accommodated in the best and most satisfactory manner. Warehouse east side of Carlisle street (Col. Buehler's.) Dec. 26. tf

SURROUNDING COUNTIES.—An unknown German was killed by the cars near Shrewsbury station Tuesday night week. The body was horribly mutilated.

Andrew Wilhelm, a trackman of the N. C. R. R., in Thos. McAbee's gang, was struck by a passing engine, near New Freedom station on Tuesday about 1:30 p. m., and was instantly killed. He was at duty on the track at the time, and from appearance to an eye witness meant to step from the track, but instead of doing so, he stopped on the track of the approaching engine. An inquest was held, rendering a verdict of accidental death.—Daily.

Mr. Henry C. Greenawalt, in York, is the owner of the champion hog. It is 8 feet long and measures 7 feet 8 inches around the girth. It weighs 900 pounds, live weight.

A few days ago George Hartman, of New Paradise, south of York, saw a curious looking rabbit run into a hole. He succeeded in capturing it alive. It is larger than an ordinary rabbit and of a bright red color.

Willie, aged 6 years, son of Mr. Charles Hermann, of Carlisle Street, Hanover, was struck near the right knee by a stone thrown by an older lad on Thursday of last week. The bruise became exceedingly painful, and in spite of the efforts of a physician fever and spasms followed, with the result of the death of the child on Monday night about 10 o'clock.—Herald.

The trial of Mrs. Catherine Zell, in the Cumberland county courts last week, for the murder of an old woman named Mary Kiehl, by poison, the jury after being out 18 hours, came into court on Wednesday morning last, and returned a verdict of murder in the first degree. Counsel for defendant made a motion for the arrest of judgment and also a new trial. A true bill was found by the Grand Jury against Mrs. Zell's accomplice, Esquire Wynkoop, but he was admitted to bail in the sum of $5,000, and his trial will not take place until next term.

The Chambersburg Spirit is informed that whole fields of wheat, in various parts of Franklin county, are totally ruined by the fly. It says: "Mr. Aug's Duncan, who owns the Abraham Stoutfer farm just east of town, informs us that two fields of his wheat have been destroyed. He has brought to us a bunch of young stalks which have been killed by the fly. The insect has established himself close down to the roots and is making sure work of it. The stalks are dry and dead. From the extent of the damage, as reported to us, the winter and spring will need to be very favorable in order to give us anything like an average crop of wheat next year. We have heard of one farmer in the Marion region who plowed up a wheat-field and reseeded it, but the very dry weather had kept it from coming up."

The cultivation of tobacco has largely increased in Franklin county the past five years.

The Chambersburg Herald states that a little girl named Crandall, near State Line, in that county, was so badly frightened last week by a drunken man that her auburn hair turned snow white.

On last Sabbath Rev. Thos. Creigh, D. D., of Mercersburg, preached his forty-eighth anniversary sermon to his congregation, of which he has been pastor for the length of time indicated.

Wild turkeys are seen in large droves in all parts of Hamilton county.

The oleomargarine butter factories of Somerset county are among the largest in the State. Somerset also produces large quantities of pure butter.

The grand jury at Hagerstown found bills against John Wise, for the killing of Charles Lerse; Nicholas Jones, for the killing of James Eagent, and the bad Miller for the killing of Norris. In addition to these there were found four indictments for shooting with intent to kill.

Over forty houses have been erected in Hagerstown during the past year.

THE best hand-made French Calf sewed or pegged Boots ever brought to Adams county, is guaranteed equal to any made to measure, at about one-half the cost, may be found at Mrs. M. Spangler's Boot, Shoe and Hat Store. R. M. Elliott manager. Nov. 13. tf

WM. N. MILLER is now fully started in the Marble business at his new place, where he is prepared to furnish Monuments, Tombstones, Marble or Slate Mantels, &c., cheaper than ever, and as good work and material at can be had anywhere. Give him a call—opposite the new Methodist church, East Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa. July 10, 1879. tf

OUR assortment was never larger—the quality never better and PRICES NEVER SO LOW. AMOS ECKERT. Sept. 18. tf

JOHN M. HUBER is agent for and keep on hand all the popular Patent Medicines of the day; also a full line of Drugs and Medicines, all which he sells cheap. Feb. 1. tf

HEALTH BETTER THAN GOLD.—Reader, have you the PILES? Do you want to be CURED? Then call on Dr. A. W. Brinkerhoff, of Ohio, at the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., on Saturday, Dec. 20th and 27th, 1879, and January 31 and 10th, 1880. NO CURE, NO PAY. TREATMENT PAINLESS! Dr. B. will give $1,000 for any case he can't cure!

He now has nearly 500 patients in Ohio and Indiana, and only visits Gettysburg to see friends and to rest.

Physicians desiring to know this wonderful cure and secure Dr. B's. *patented* instruments and medicines for treatment, should attend on ONE or more of above days. Many have so done in Ohio and Indiana! This is no HUMBUG—but SOLID FACT and TRUTH.

References: G. W. Lott, Highland tp.; Jacob G. McIlhenny and Cornelius Lott, Hunterstown; I. N. Durbouraw, Esq., Two Taverns. Nov. 20, 1879. tf

SHOES.—All the latest styles of Fall and Winter Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children, at Eckert's. Sept. 18. tf

THE "Champion" Reaper and Mower is now admitted to be the best in the market and is having an enormous sale. Call at James Bigham's warehouse, adjoining the Express office, and opposite the passenger station, on Railroad street, Gettysburg, Pa. May20.tf

INVENTORS and Patentees should send for Instructions, terms, references, &c., to Edson Brothers, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C., who furnish the same without charge. Edson Brothers is a well-known and successful firm of large experience, having been established in 1863. Nov. 13. tf

LADIES will find very cheap a full assortment in Millinery, Embroideries, Laces, Fringes and other fancy goods at P. F. Delik's. Oct. 16. 8t

IF you want dry feet while paddling through November mud and winter snows, call at Mrs. M. Spangler's Store and get a pair of those Chicago Kip Boots, hand pegged, saddle seam; will turn water; warranted. R. M. Elliott manager. Nov. 13. tf

DON'T fail to examine Eckert's stock of Hats and Caps. They are new and nobby. Sept. 18. tf

CALL at Eckert's for bargains. Aug. 1 tf

PHŒNIX PECTORAL has been in general use for fifteen years and nearly all who began to use it then continue its use yet. Price 25 cents, at Huber's. Nov. 6. 1m

USE Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap, for all affections of the Skin and Scalp; also, for the Bath, Toilet and Nursery. Sold by Druggists. May 8. 10m

CHEW Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco

ALL interested in the cultivation of Garden and Flower Seeds are cordially invited to call at John M. Huber's Drug Store, and get a descriptive pamphlet giving full instructions for their culture. A supply of Fresh Seeds of all kinds just received. m12 1

THE sale of the edition of 100,000 copies of the November SCRIBNER has made necessary the reprinting of that issue and the advancement of the first edition of the December number to 103,000. The justification of this is to be looked for, the publishers think, in the fresh and interesting list of subjects, and in the capability of the writers in the present number.

The opening paper, on "The Capitol of New York," is contributed by Mr. Montgomery Schuyler, of the "World," who pronounces that building to be "the most honorable work of public architecture which this country has to show." This article is both descriptive and critical, and in connection with the twenty-three illustrations conveys very definite impressions of the features of the new building, about which there has been so much interest and curiosity, both within and without the Empire State.

The paper on the "Johns Hopkins University," by Mrs. S. B. Herrick, supplies a complete and authoritative account of the character and plans of one of the most unique and valuable educational agencies of the country.

Unusual personal interest attaches to Mr. Boyesen's account of "Two Visits to Victor Hugo," and discussions with him of the politics of the future, etc., accompanied by a beautiful engraving by Cole of Bonnat's striking portrait of Hugo.

"Coffee Culture in Brazil" is graphically described in the closing paper of the series by Herbert H. Smith. This account is written from personal observation, and contains information of no little value to the commercial world.

A second paper on "Success with Small Fruits" is contribut

Gettysburg Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

THURSDAY, NOV. 27, 1879.

The Farm and House.

TOBACCO CULTURE.

The production of tobacco has become a leading industry in the large and fertile county of Lancaster. The income derived from it is immense, and year by year the acreage increases. The business is conducted with brain and system; the land is not worn out by continuous crops of tobacco. They take the place of oats in the ordinary rotation, and, it is claimed, are succeeded by uniformly better crops of wheat and clover than under the old method. The soil is put in the best possible condition by the heavy manuring and thorough pulverization it gets. Upon the removal of the tobacco, a light plowing or a harrowing is all that is needed, and the wheat is generally drilled in without an additional fertilizer. Wheat seldom or never misses, and clover as rarely. The land, instead of deteriorating, seems to be improving.

The same is said to be true of tobacco culture in York county, where it is also becoming extensive. During the last three or four years farmers in the eastern portion of Adams county have turned attention in the same direction, with results satisfactory and remunerative.

This subject was discussed by the FARMERS' SOCIAL on Friday last. All the members supposed tobacco culture profitable, but were not prepared to express a decided opinion, no one having any knowledge derived from experience at the business. Whether it is likely to spread and become general in this county will depend upon conditions which the future alone can develop.

The meeting was held at Mr. John Wertz's, in Straban township. Mr. Peter Mackley presided for the day, with Mr. Wertz as secretary. The elegant entertainment provided was of course enjoyed by the Social.—EDITOR COMPILER.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

BRITISH FARM IMPLEMENTS.

It will make the American farmer better content with his lot if he, now and then, will take a peep across the Atlantic, and see how it is with his brother farmers in the "old country." Suppose those farmers of Adams county who read and appreciate the varied and timely articles that appear in the Agricultural columns of the COMPILER, join me in a long-range peep at some things to be seen on the farms of merry England. We will take for our guide an article that lately appeared in Scribner's Magazine. Thus the writer discourses:

"In traveling among well-to-do English farmers the past summer, I was surprised to note the large, heavy and cumbersome character of the farm implements. The English manufacturer has a pride in making everything substantial, heavy and solid, without any regard to the weight or strength needed. There is more wood in an English farm-cart than would make two American carts, and yet with their superb roads they load their's no heavier than we do our's. An English manure fork is of the same size and pattern it was half a century ago, a square, rough tine shouldered near the point. The weight of an English plow is at least three times that of our's, and is out of all proportion, both in length and weight, to the work it is intended for. The same is true of the English harrows, cultivators, and all of the implements I found in common use for turning or cultivating the soil. The ordinary wooden hand-rake is a clumsy, heavy thing, having from a third to a half more wood than is actually necessary. In many of the agricultural districts I visited, farmers cultivating from forty to a hundred acres of land still continue to cut their grain crops with the reaping hook and cradle. The English cradle has a scythe blade of ordinary size and length, with two short wooden fingers. The man cutting with this cradle throws the cut grain around against the uncut standing grain. Another man follows the cradle, equipped with a stick about three feet in length, with an iron hook on the end of it, and gathers the cut grain into sheafs and places them on the stubble before the next swath can be cut."

There, that will do for the present. It is not good to peep very long at a stretch, especially when one's eyes grow so large as one's do in sheer surprise at seeing the implements the British farmer uses. W.

THE BEST WAY TO USE BONES.

Take one ton of ground bone (the finer ground the better,) and one-half an ox-cart load (one-quarter of a cord) of good friable soil which will not bake or cake by drying, and which is free from sods and stones, no matter how wet it may be when used. Place a layer of the soil and a layer of the bone, of about equal thickness, upon each other, (soil at the bottom) on the barn floor, or under cover in a shed or outbuilding, leaving a bushel or two of the soil to cover the heap when all the rest is put together. The heap will be three to four feet wide at the bottom, and about twice as long. In 48 hours it will be too hot to hold your hand in. Let it remain undisturbed until the heap begins to cool, which will be in a week to ten days. Then "throw over" the heap by "chopping it down" with a shovel and moving it "in end," thoroughly mixing the soil and bone. In a day or two it will heat again. Let it remain until it cools, or for eight or ten days; then throw it over in the same manner again. In a few days it will heat again, unless the previous fermentations have exhausted all the moisture in the soil and bone. Throw over each ten days until all the moisture is thus exhausted and it does not ferment any more; then it will be fit for use, and can be put away in old barrels, and it will be ready for use, without deterioration, for ten years.

All that is necessary to make bones operate as a manure, is decomposition—*rotting;* and to produce this process the bone only needs to be ground or broken fine, and to be subjected to moisture in warm weather with some substance that will absorb or retain the gases evolved during the process. Soil furnishes the essential requisites, and nothing more is needed to make bones an excellent and durable manure.

This is not a theoretical rule, merely. I have used many tons prepared in this manner during the last 12 to 15 years. I have tried it upon the same field, and side by side with the superphosphates of different manufacturers, and *always* saw the best and most permanent effects from the same weight of bone prepared in this manner, a ton of which costs, exclusive of the labor and soil, about half as much as a ton of superphosphate.

I do not wish to excite a war with the chemists, but I think their theory of the benefit bone derives by treatment with sulphuric acid is erroneous. The acid only aids the manurial qualities of the bone by the *mechanical* effect of subdividing it—making it finer. Its *chemical* effect is no better upon bone than it would be upon green horse dung, and I would no sooner treat one than the other with oil of vitriol, with a view of adding to its *chemical* value as a manure.

I want to say further, that before treating bones in this manner, I tried several methods recommended by the farming newspapers without much satisfaction. I mixed half a ton of ground bones with 20 bushels of leached ashes, and half a ton with 12 bushels of unleached ashes, and the workmen could not open their eyes in the barn next morning until the doors and windows had been open long enough to let the *ammonia* out! As soon as I saw the effect of this process, I sent for a load or two of spent tan to mix with it; and thus saved a part of the ammonia, but the effect of this compost was not very striking.

I next mixed a ton of bone with wet yellow sand—a material about half-way between sharp sand and loam. This fermented finely, but it smelt so bad, and was so nasty, that I had to pay an exorbitant price to get it applied to the land. It had a good effect however.

I then mixed a ton of bone with a ton of ground plaster. I found the plaster was wholly incapable of keeping down the carrion smell, or of absorbing the manure given out in the form of gases. Water had to be added to this heap to support the fermentation, and the plaster dried hard and in lumps, and did not seem to participate in the fermentive process as the soil does. This did not have so good an effect as the bone and sand; and none of these compounds was equal to that prepared with soil.

I will also add that the newest bone is the best. The old dry bones which are collected after exposure to the weather for years, have lost much of their virtue, and will not heat so soon or much as those which have not lost their gelatine in that manner.—*Country Gentleman.*

PREPARING CUTTINGS.—Before cold weather comes on cuttings of gooseberry, currant, grape vine, cottonwood, willow—in fact anything that will grow from cuttings—should be prepared for spring. In the case of vine cuttings, make them of short-jointed wood, three eyes long. All others may be cut to a uniform length of about eight inches. Tie them in neat bunches of twenty-five or fifty, not tightly, placing the butts all one way. Stand them on their bottoms in a row and cover with earth, throwing it on them until a sharp ridge is formed. Thus they may stand until planting time in the spring, when they may be placed in nursery rows, the cuttings six inches apart in the row, and kept clean. At the end of one or at most two years, they will be ready for transplanting where they are finally to stand. Thus prepared, we have had them nicely collouset by spring, and in some instances roots were ready to be formed.

In planting, the operator must be governed by the nature of the shoot. Grape cuttings should be set so that only one eye is above ground. Set other cuttings so that two eyes will appear above ground. In planting it is absolutely necessary that the earth should be quite firm about the lower part of the cutting. For this, as one reason, it is usual to set them somewhat slanting. Another advantage in favor of planting cuttings slantwise, is that they are supposed to root more freely than when planted vertically, and for the reason that thus a greater surface is exposed to the heat near the surface of the earth.

If farmers would look at the theory of rolling the wheat and rye fields in the spring, it would be resorted to much more frequently than it is. Occasionally the winter and spring have been so favorable to these crops as not to render it necessary; but in three seasons out of four it is necessary, and doubtless adds considerably to their productiveness. The thawings and freezings of the ground, throwing or spewing out the roots and exposing them to drying winds of February and March, very seriously affect the grain. Passing a roller over as soon as soil is fit to go upon presses back the roots in their beds and gives them a firm grip upon the support on which the crop must depend. This must be apparent to every one who will look at its operation. We have no doubt that rolling clover fields that have been badly thrown up by frost would also have a most beneficial effect.

EVERY family finds more or less bones accumulating. Burn them with your wood, and the ashes thus enriched is one of the most valuable of all fertilizers. Money cannot buy any article which will so fertilize your soil. Bones thus consumed will quadruple the value of wood ashes, which in themselves are among the best of soil enrichers.

APPLE HEDGES.—It may not be generally known that apple seed, sown in the fall where a hedge is desired, in four or five years form an impregnable hedge. They should be clipped back two or three times with a knife or hedge shears to grow low and stocky.

WORK not a rod of land more than you can work well. It is easier and more profitable to reap forty bushels from one acre than fifty from two.

CHOCOLATE CUSTARD.—Put one and one-half pints of milk, with a cup of sugar, in a tin pail, and set in a kettle of boiling water. Then put one-half pint of milk in a sauce-pan, and add a heaping tablespoon of Baker's chocolate shaved fine. Boil this slowly a few minutes. Wet a tablespoon of corn-starch in two of milk; when smooth, stir into the boiling milk in the pail; add the chocolate after straining it, and lastly the beaten yolks of three eggs. Stir till smooth. Flavor with vanilla. Before serving, beat the whites of three eggs, with a tablespoon of sugar, to a stiff froth, and lay on top of the custards.

BEEF AND POTATO PIE.—Take a deep dish, butter it and put in it a layer of mashed potatoes; season with butter, salt and minced onions. Take slices of beef, season them with pepper and salt, and lay them, with pieces of salt pork, over the potatoes, then fill the dish with alternate layers of potatoes and meat, having the upper one potatoes. Bake about an hour and fifteen minutes.

TO MAKE GOOD SAUSAGE MEAT.—Take one-third fat and two-thirds lean pork and chop them, and then to every twelve pounds of meat, add twelve large spoonfuls of powdered salt, nine of sifted sage and six of sifted black pepper. Keep them in a cool, dry place.

"JOHN, did you take the note to Mr. Jones?" "Yes, but I don't think he can read it." "Why so, John?" "Because he is blind, sir. While I was in the room he axed me twice where my hat was, and it was on *my head* all the time."

MOTHER—"Johnnie, why do you look so down-hearted?" Johnie—"Coz I haven't no luck. Jim Woodhead was the last in the class, an I'd worked myself up to the last but one, an' now Jimmy's died to-day, an' I am the last again. Boo-hoo!"

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP!

50 Years Before the Public.

Pronounced by all to be the most pleasant and effectual remedy now in use, for the cure of coughs, colds, croup, hoarseness, tickling sensation of the throat, whooping cough, etc. Over a million bottles sold within the last few years. It gives relief wherever used, and has the power to impart benefit that cannot be had from the cough mixtures now in use, sold by all druggists at 25 cents per bottle.

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS are also highly recommended for curing liver complaint, constipation, sick-headache, fever and ague, and all diseases of the stomach and liver. Sold by all Druggists at 25 cents per box.

R. E. Sellers, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Oct. 2, 1879. 1yr

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Let your first attack of indigestion be the last. Rouse the dormant energies of the stomach with the Bitters. The tone thus imparted will remain. This is a fact established by thousands of witnesses, whose testimony is simply a statement of their own experiences. Those afflicted with general debility of every phase will find the invigorating and refreshing effect in building up and renovating the system.

For sale by all Druggists and respectable Dealers generally.

Nov. 6, 1878. 1yr. [Aug. 28, 1879. 1y

---FRESH SALT-WATER OYSTERS---

AT

HOSTETTER'S

SERVED IN ANY STYLE AT ALL TIMES.

ALSO

By the Pint, Quart and Gallon.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Next door to Keystone Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa.

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Groceries and Liquors,

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES,

FLOUR, BACON, LARD NOTIONS, &c., at Reduced Prices.

Imported and Domestic

LIQUORS,

Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Holland Gin Schiedam Schnapps, Hibbert's Brown Stout, and London Pale Ale.

OUR "MONOGRAM BITTERS,"

manufactured from purely pure Herbs, and are unequalled as a valuable tonic, and for curing cases of all kinds of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, &c.

HOTEL KEEPERS

Will find it to their interest to give me a call, as I have obtained the WHOLESALE LICENSE, which enables me to sell in any quantity and to compete with city prices.

BALTIMORE ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.

April 29, 1879. tf

MARBLEYARD.

A NEW FIRM.

Wm. B. Meals & Co.,

Opposite the Court-house,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

ALL kinds of Grave-work furnished as cheap as the cheapest, in the latest styles and of the best material.

MONUMENTS A SPECIALTY.

Persons wishing anything in their line are invited to call and examine their samples, designs and prices, before purchasing elsewhere.

April 15, 1879. 1y

POND'S EXTRACT

The Vegetable Pain Destroyer,

INVALUABLE FOR

Inflammation and Hemorrhage.

Piles, Sprains, Lameness, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Soreness, Rheumatism, Boils, Fevers, Old Sores, Wounds, etc. Also for Toothache, Headache, Sore Throat, Asthma, Hoarseness, Neuralgia, Catarrh, Colic, Diarrhœa, and all Hemorrhages, &c.

It is acknowledged by Physicians of all schools that Pond's Extract has more wonderful curative properties than any other remedy. No form of Inflammation, Pain, Soreness or Bleeding, but it will cure. Space will not admit of naming all the diseases for which it is a specific, but we will send a history of its uses by mail, on application. The pleasing results attained by using the Extract as a toilet requisite, have induced us to remove medicinal forms of the Extract in Toilet Soap (Ne plus Ultra), Cream (Medicated) for softening and beautifying the skin ($1.00 a bottle), a Dentifrice (50c.), a Lip Salve (25c.)

For sensitive and severe cases of Catarrh, our Catarrh Cure (75c.) used with our Nasal Syringe (50c.), is a radical cure. Our Inhaler for Lung and Throat Diseases and General Breathing is invaluable. Our Ointment (50c.) for Sores, Piles, &c., should be kept in every family. Our Plasters and our Medicated Paper to prevent and cure Piles and Chilblains.

The base of all our Toilet and Medicinal preparations is Pond's Extract, which is a guarantee that they are superior, and deserve the confidence of the public. Sold by all Druggists.

Prepared only by

POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY,

New York and London.

April 17, 1879. 1y

LEATHER & FINDINGS.

THE undersigned continues to sell SOLE LEATHER, Harness, Upper, Kip, Calf Skins, Morocco, Sheep Skins, Linings, &c., with all the FINDINGS used by Shoemakers and Saddlers at the

Store at the old place, on Baltimore street, nearly opposite the COMPILER Office, Gettysburg, Pa. Call in.

H. J. BRINKERHOFF.

April 10, 1875. tf

SALE CRYING.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle-st., Gettysburg.

Nov 12, 1872. tf

Newton M. Horner

HAS just received a large lot of FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS, consisting of the new

Wheeler No. 5 Mower,

which is a light iron mower embracing many strong points, and ranks second to none in the market.

The Wheeler No. 6

some of the best and most complete combined self-rake reaping and mowing machines in use. It is made nearly all of steel and iron. Recommendations can be had to the many farmers who use them in the county.

THE OSBORNE NO. 9

is a self-binding harvester. One man can drive the team and operate the machine, delivering the sheaves behind the machine. Of all things in the harvest line, this new harvester is now being introduced in this county. It is the most popular harvester in the market. Also for sale the

KIRBY REAPERS AND MOWERS.

The above described machinery is manufactured by the D. M. Osborne Company, Auburn, N. Y.

Also all machines taken on consignment for the celebrated Buckeye Machinery, manufactured by P. P. Mast & Co., of Springfield, Ohio, which sows all kinds of grain and drills seed and phosphate. This drill is proving itself to be second to none. Also

BUCKEYE WALKING CORN CULTIVATORS, BUCKEYE CORN MILLS, SILVER AND DEWDROP FEED CUTTERS. Also the

Turbine Wind Engine,

manufactured by Mast, Foos & Company of Springfield, Ohio.

Also Guano Shellers, Reynolds' Grain Rakes, Horse Rakes of different makes, Plows, Iron Rock chilled plough, Chew Rock Mountain, Also the genuine WALLACK PLOUGH, and the Pittsburgh Steel Ploughs of different kinds, Double shovel Ploughs and Steel Shovels for Spring ploughs. Also pure Daughtery Bone Dust and Ground Plaster, and ingredients for phosphates, for sale.

All Machines and Implements offered are of the best in the market. Farmers and others are invited to call at Machinery Hall, adjoining the Bonner & Cross Wagon on Washington street, at the Railroad, where the above described machinery and implements can be seen; where I will attend personally on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, and at all times I can be found at home. Give me a call and examine the new stock before you purchase.

P. O. address, Gettysburg, Pa.

May 3, '78. tf NEWTON M. HORNER

BAKERY!

COR. WASHINGTON & HIGH STREETS,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform present customers and the public generally, that the old and reliable Bakery (lately Mrs. Mary A. Hoffman's) on the corner of Washington and High Streets, in the borough of Gettysburg, will be continued by him.

FRESH BREAD,

ROLLS, TWIST, CAKES,

PRETZELS, &C.

BAKED EVERY DAY.

The best flour used and the best workmen employed, and no effort spared to give satisfaction in every case. A continuance of a liberal patronage is solicited. Call or send orders to the Bakery and they will be promptly filled.

EMANUEL P. WISOTZKEY.

June 10, 1879. tf

WM. WIBLE

Has on hand large assortment of

Agricultural Implements and Machinery,

CONSISTING OF

Reapers & Mowers

of the very latest and most improved patterns.

Horse Hay Rakes, Ploughs, Wagons, Cultivators, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, the best Grain Drill in the Market, Fanning Mills, Chopping Mills, Threshing Machines, Separators, Steam Engines, and Farm Implements and Machinery of all kinds.

In connection with our Implements, we keep on hand PHOSPHATES of the very best. The

Farmers' Bone Phosphate

is the best for all crops in the market. We have a Fertilizer especially for Corn, Oats and Potatoes. Also a Tree and Vine Fertilizer, with all the ingredients for making Phosphates. Also

Salt and Plaster,

WITH

Flour and Feed of All Kinds.

Farmers Wanting a Good Reaper

Should not fail to call and examine ours before buying, as we will show on their own merits and warrant them to give satisfaction or no sale.

TAKE NOTICE.

We give two Cutter Bars and three Knives with each machine. Our Machines are all of the best materials and latest improvements.

Thankful for past patronage, we ask all wanting anything in our line to give us a call, at our Warehouse in Gettysburg, near the Railroad and Washington Streets.

WM. WIBLE,

May 17, 1878. tf AGENT.

Season of 1879!

E. FRANK COE'S

SUPERPHOSPHATE.

Warranted Genuine.—Made of Pure Bone.—No Manures is more certain to give a profitable return. Refer to James J. Wills and J. E. Bear, Esqs.

Champion Reaper & Mower.

The only complete iron-frame Machines in the Market, and 10,000 manufactured for the year's sales.

True's Potato Planter.

Cuts and drops sound potatoes, and and fertilizer. One man can plant six acres in a day.

Wisner Horse Rake.

Any little girl or boy can take a drive against horses and rake in grass well as the strongest man.

FARMER'S FAVORITE GRAIN DRILL

A Perfect Machine—An Accurate Distributor, and a combined Grain and Fertilizer Drill.

Randall's Grain Fan.

You can take out the best grain for seed, and leave the balance in a merchantable condition.

Kissell's Corn Plow.

Key Pattern—you can walk or ride—and finish a row at a time.

Berlin and Wallace Barshear Ploughs.

Not excelled by any others.

Steam Engines.

The Eclipse, portable and stationary, manufactured by Frick & Co., Waynesboro' Also stationary Engines and Boilers, Circular Saw Mills, &c.

☞ To be seen at the Warehouse of Col. BUEHLER, Gettysburg.

James Bigham, Agent.

April 10, 1879. tf

EDW'D. J. EVANS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Nurserymen and Seedsmen,

YORK, PA.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants, Field, Garden and Flower Seeds, Hardy Flowering Plants, Hedge Plants, etc., etc.

Reliable Agents Wanted.

June 12, 1879. 6m

PATENTS.

F. A. LEHMANN, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. All business connected with Patents, whether before the Patent Office or the Courts, promptly attended to. No charge unless a patent is secured. Send for circular.

Oct. 10, 1878. tf

Ayer's Hair V

FOR RESTORING GRAY AND NATURAL VITALITY TO THE HAIR.

It is a most agreeable dressing, which is at once harmless and effectual, for preserving the hair. It restores, with the gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray, light, and red hair, to a rich brown, or deep black, as may be desired. By its use thin hair is thickened, and baldness often (though not always) cured. It checks falling of the hair immediately, and causes a new growth in all cases where the glands are not decayed; while to brashy, weak, or otherwise diseased hair, it imparts vitality and strength, and renders it pliable.

The Vigor cleanses the scalp, cures and prevents the formation of dandruff; and, by its cooling, stimulating, and soothing properties, it heals most if not all of the humors and diseases peculiar to the scalp, keeping it cool, clean, and soft, under which conditions diseases of the scalp and hair are impossible.

As a Dressing for Ladies' Hair,

The Vigor is incomparable. It is colorless, contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil white cambric. It imparts an agreeable and lasting perfume, and as an article for the toilet it is economical and unsurpassed in its excellence.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

ATTENTION!

A New Store

IN BENDERSVILLE, ADAMS CO.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he has opened a

"NEW STORE,"

(brick front,) on the Diamond, in Bendersville, Adams county, Pa., where he offers an immense assortment of Goods at prices

Lower than Ever!

EVERY LINE OF

DRESS GOODS

for ladies and gentlemen; Clothing, a grand stock; Shoes and Boots, Hats and Caps, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, and indeed everything that may properly enter into a first-class country store. Come from near and far, and save money by buying for CASH from

JACOB MARX.

☞ All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods. NO BOOKS KEPT!

May 8, 1879. 1y DON'T ASK FOR TICK!

PASSMORE & COPE'S

HIGH GRADE

BONE Super-Phosphate

THE

CHAMPION FERTILIZER.

Warranted PURE.

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

STAMPED ON EVERY BAG.

☞ HAS NO SUPERIOR ☜

For the production of

Grain and Grass

AND THE

Permanent Improvement

OF THE LAND.

THE HIGH

Chemical Standard

of this manure is

STRICTLY MAINTAINED,

while its Mechanical Condition is being

Constantly Improved.

We confidently refer to the majority of the best Farmers in Adams county who use Phosphates.

C. J. TYSON, Gen. Agent,

FLORADALE,

May 22, 1879. tf Adams county, Pa.

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES,

OF ALL KINDS,

to latest and most approved styles.

TIN, SHEET-IRON AND HOLLOW WARE.

COAL AND LUMBER

OF ALL KINDS

C. H. BUEHLER'S

Ware Rooms,

CORNER OF CARLISLE & RAIL ROAD STREETS.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

CALL AND EXAMINE!

January 18, 1877 tf.

JOHN W. TIPTON,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,

Baltimore St., one door from J. L. Schick's store

Go to Tipton's—go to Tipton's—

If you want your hair dressed nicely—

If you want your face shaved smoothly

Trim the fellow that can do it—

Do it in the latest fashion—

Do it quick and do it neatly.

April 26, 1878. tf

For Sale.

THE old M. E. Church in Gettysburg, Pa. Apply to

J. L. SCHICK.

Dec. 4, 1876. tf

DRUGS AND BOOKS.

A. D. Buehler & Co.

KEEP constantly on hand a full supply of the purest and best

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

purchased from the most reliable houses in the cities. Also

Books of All Kinds,

School, Classical, Theological and Miscellaneous, embracing Standard Works in Poetry, History and general English and American Literature, with a large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY STATIONERY,

Performers' Toilet Soaps Pen Knives, Gold Pens, Pencils, &c.

☞ Buehler's old established Drug and Book Store, Chambersburg Street, near the Diamond.

Sept. 11, 1879. tf

Fittenturf & Wilson,

GRANITE STONE-CUTTERS,

Corner of Washington and High sts.,

Gettysburg, Pa.,

(POWERS'S OLD STAND.)

Door Sills, Ashler, Platforms, Steps, Curb Stones, Cemetery Curb, Posts, Bases, Monuments, etc., etc.

ALL KINDS OF WORK AT

LOWEST PRICES.

Estimates made when desired. Call before contracting elsewhere.

April 10, 1879. tf

FOR SALE.

TWO THREE-YEAR old registered SHORT HORN BULLS, very gentle; Short Horn Bull Calves, from one to nine months old, some of them registered; Grade Short Horn and Jersey Bulls and Calves; fine large Short Horn Cows; and a lot of Poland China Hogs, very fine.

The above stock will be sold low. Parties intending to buy would do well to call and examine.

JAMES HERSH,

Meadow Valley,

July 3, 1879. tf Gettysburg, Pa.

ADAMS COUNTY

Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—Samuel R. Russell.

Vice President—Robert G. McCurdy.

Secretary—D. A. Buehler.

Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.

Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.

Managers—S. R. Russell, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, E. G. Fahnestock, H. A. Picking, Robert G. McCurdy, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Samuel Menges, Bendersville; A. W. Storm, East Berlin; W. Rose White, Liberty; Cyrus G. Beales, York Springs.

☞ This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 27 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, levying said losses by fire during that period amounting to over $18,000. Any person desiring insurance can apply to either of the Managers.

☞ The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

July 24, 1879. tf

Dr. Oellig & Pfoutz's

Celebrated Tonic Elixir!

THE HOUSEHOLD REMEDY.

DURING thirty-five years, Dr. Oellig has been using this Elixir in his private practice in the state of Pennsylvania.—His practice has been extensive—all kinds of diseases have come under his notice, and wherever and whenever he has used this remedy, has found it to answer his purpose. Indeed, so reliable and beneficial has he found it to be in curing certain diseases, that he has kindly placed it within the reach of the public. Sotheal all who are suffering from diseases may take it and regain their health. It will cure Dyspepsia Sick Headache, Liver Complaint, Habitual Costiveness, Cramps in the Stomach, Gravel, Diseases of the Skin, General Debility, or Weakness caused by Excess, Imprudence or Exposure, and all Nervous Affections.

It is invaluable as a Tonic. It will impart strength to the system, purify the blood and restore the lost appetite. It is also certain to remove all obstructions to the regular discharge of nature in females, purifying the complexion and giving the cheek a healthy glow. Also a sure remedy for the diseases of Green Sickness or Chlorosis, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Womb Complaint or Falling of Womb, etc. This Elixir is composed of Pure Herbs, and that it is a safe and powerful tonic the combination is powerful and yet harmless to the constitution. It is impossible for disease to withstand this invaluable remedy. Diseases are forced to leave the system.

One Hundred Dollars Reward will be given to any person who will produce any medicine that will effect a more speedy and perfect cure of the diseases herein mentioned.

DR. PFOUTZ'S CERTIFICATES.

Martinsburg, W. Va., May 17, 1876.

Dr. Pfoutz.—Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted for a long time with Dyspepsia and a general prostration of my nervous system, and having used a great many different medicines, without experiencing any material relief, I was induced by your agent of this place to try a bottle of your Tonic Elixir, and found great relief before I had used half a bottle and I now firmly believe it will effect a permanent cure.

Also my wife has long been in the habit of her mouth parching so that she could not rest at night, and she was induced to try your Elixir, which she says has done her more good than half the time I told. I am now fully convinced of its merits, and I can say from my own and wife's experience that it is the best remedy for dyspepsia and nervous prostration I know of. Yours truly, MARY KIRKPATRICK.

For sale by A. D. BUEHLER & CO., Gettysburg, Pa. E. HIGHAM, Greenmount, NEWLY & MUSSELMAN, Fairfield, and J. A. ELDER, Emmitsburg.

Sept. 11, 1879. 1y

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE MARK. Is specially recommended as a unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a premature Grave, all of which we insure to first purchasers, and a box will convince the parties of the truth of our assertion, when used according to the directions. Each box contains a month's treatment. Price $1.00 per box, or six boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing the agent.

Before Taking. After Taking.

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.

☞ Sold in Gettysburg by A. D. BUEHLER & CO., and by Druggists everywhere.

Johnston, Holloway & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia. Feb. 27, 1879. 1y

Dr. Oberholtzer's Liniment,

CAMPHOR MILK,

IS now highly recommended and extensively used for Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, Aches, Pains, Sores, Stings, Sprains, Swellings, &c. It is of the greatest value in curing old, galled, and swelling horses.

It acts quickly and surely, it is prompt, soothes and relieves the stiff joints, lame back and aching limbs. The money will be paid back to anyone who is satisfied with its effects. Price 25 cents, 5 bottles for $1. Prepared only by Levi Oberholtzer, M. D.

The Phœnix Pectoral

Has proved itself to be possibly adapted to old persons, consumptives and children. It breaks a cold. It stops a hard cough. Laid expectoration. It gives instant relief. It gives strength. It brings rest. It has made more cures than any other medicine. Thousands of the citizens of Eastern Pennsylvania testify to its efficacy for years past, and testify to the relief given and cures effected. Price 25 cents or 5 bottles for $1. Prepared only by Levi Oberholtzer, M. D.

These preparations are sold by JOHN M. RUBER, Gettysburg. Feb. 27, 1879. 1y

BENSONS CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER

CAPCINE

OVER 2,000 DRUGGISTS

Have signed the following remarkable paper, the signatures of which can be seen at our office:

Messrs. SEABURY & JOHNSON, 21 Platt St., New York:

GENTLEMEN:

"For the past few years we have sold various brands of Porous Plasters, and the Public prefer Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster to all others. We consider them one of the very reliable household remedies worthy of confidence. They are Superior to all other Porous Plasters or Medicines for External use." Nov. 8, '78.

Physicians and the Public prefer Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster to all others. They are Superior to all other Porous Plasters or Medicines for External use.

TO THE LADIES!

HAVE YOU TRIED

Best CHARLES TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON Best

Six Cord. Six Cord.

This is the Latest Improved and most Perfect Spool Cotton made for Hand and Machine use, and cannot be excelled in Color or Strength, Length and Evenness guaranteed. Sold by all Dry Goods Stores in Adams county. Recommended by

Oct. 2, 1879. 1m A. D. MARK, GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE LEADING AND POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE OF PHILADELPHIA.

SHOPPING

With us through our SAMPLE AND MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT is simple, easy, and advantageous. Anyone desiring to send for Samples, mentioning the kind of goods needed, will receive, by return mail, the desired samples and information. Goods sent by mail or express, with the privilege to return any not suited, and have the money refunded.

SEND FOR SAMPLES OF NEW NOVELTIES.

BY MAIL OR EXPRESS.

Through this means ladies everywhere throughout the United States avail themselves of a very convenient plan of purchasing Dry Goods, Trimmings, and a General Outfit from the head-centre of trade, where they can call at times obtain the goods newest and latest styles to be had for the least money.

HOMER, COLLADAY & CO.

Manufacturers, Retailers, and Importers of Choice Novelties in Dress Goods, Silks, Trimmings, etc.

CHESTNUT, ABOVE FROAD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

(ESTABLISHED 1842.)

And 13 Rue Richer, Paris, France.

☞ Have the children send for a set of our Fancy Advertising Cards.

All Samples and Information sent free to all parts of the United States.

Great Reduction

IN PRICES

OF

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

AT

John M. Huber's,

BALTIMORE STREET,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

--- TRUSSES ---

The fitting of Trusses given Special Attention and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

N. B. A Full Supply of

Fresh Garden and Flower Seeds

Just Received from the Best Producers.

Feb. 6, 1879. tf

From the Factory to the Wearer.

Shirt of Superior Muslin, Extra Fine Linen Shield Bosom, Open Back, French Yoke, and completely finished for

$7.50 A DOZEN!

62½ CTS EACH.

Highest cash price paid for Linen Rags.

July 24, 1879. 1y

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

DAVID STERNER,

HAS fitted up his machinery in good running order, and is prepared to do all kinds of work with his NEW ENGINE AND NEW MACHINERY. He is now ready to receive orders and fill them on short notice, with prompt attention, and

Prices Lower Than Ever,

ALL KINDS OF

Farming Implements,

PLOUGHS, THRESHERS AND POWERS, HORSE RAKES, STOVES, KETTLES, POTS, &c. REPAIRS SUPPLIED at reduced prices. REPAIRING of all kinds. Call and examine before buying elsewhere.

GROCERIES.

DAVID STERNER, has his Store on Chambersburg street, is receiving NEW GOODS weekly, and is selling at prices to suit the times.

☞ Produce taken in exchange. Give him a call.

Gettysburg, April 10, 1879. tf

FOR SALE.

ONE HUNDRED

NEW AND SECOND-HAND

CARRIAGES,

of all descriptions, comprising

Park and Poney Phaetons, Germantown and Depot Wagons, Tops and No-tops,

ALSO

HARNESS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Wm. Jack & Son,

419 Library Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

May 29, 1879. 1y

REMOVAL

SAMUEL H. EICHOLTZ,

MANUFACTURER AND REPAIRER OF

Wagons, Carriages,

BUGGIES, JAGGERS, SLEIGHS, etc., has removed his Shop to the north end of Carlisle street, where he will continue to do work in the best and cheapest manner, and invites a share of public patronage.

Gettysburg, Nov. 23, 1877. tf

FOR SALE.

DINEPOLE'S for Butters, and Building Lumber, for sale by the yard or by the barg, on the Chambersburg turnpike, at Kuhn's Saw Mill by DANIEL KUHN.

March 7, 1878. tf

OLD AND RELIABLE.

Dr. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates.—It is Cathartic and Tonic.

TRY IT.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order! Unless healthy action cause Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Sick-Headache, and other Disorders.

The Liver is the seat of malaria. It vitiates the system from Hæmatic diseases. The Liver Invigorator regulates the Liver, Purifies the Blood, Cleans the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System.

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice for more than 35 years, and by the public for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 124 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

April 17, 1879. 1y

DON'T FORGET

THAT

JOSEPH JACOBS

MAKES IT A RULE TO

SELL CHEAP!

CALL in at his Merchant Tailoring establishment, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, Gettysburg, and be convinced.

His stock is unusually large and varied this season, and entitled that he can please any taste, he invites the whole public to make an inspection of goods and prices.

Tailoring continued as heretofore, and goods bought at his Store cost free of charge.

April 23, 1878. tf

ZIEGLER & HOLTZWORTH.

Livery, Sales and Exchange

STABLES,

WASHINGTON